

# The Daily Colonist.

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HALL & WALKER  
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VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1908

EIGHTEEN PAGES



## Silver-Mounted Oak Ware

We have just received a new consignment of these beautiful goods, always popular as Wedding Gifts, always in good taste. They are the best English plate on nickel silver, the Oak is British "Heart of Oak." A wide choice:

Butter Dishes, Butter Trowels, Salad Bowls, Biscuit Jars, Mustard Pots, Pepper Mills, Salt Cellars, Chocolate Pots, Chopped Ice Bowls, Spirit Stands, etc., etc.

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DIAMOND MERCHANTS  
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This is a French recipe and particularly valuable in seasons when fruit is scarce: Take 6 fine, large cooking apples, peel, plunge in cold water, then put them over a slow fire, together with the juice of 2 lemons and half a pound of sugar. When well stewed, split and stone two and a half pounds of prunes and put them to stew with the apples, and enough water to prevent burning. When all appears well dissolved, beat it through a strainer bowl and lastly through a sieve. Mould if you like, or put away in small glass jars, to cut in thin slices for the ornamentation of pastry, or to be eaten with cream.

FRENCH PRUNES, nice, new, 3 lbs ..... 25c  
FRENCH PRUNES, per lb. .... 10c  
FRENCH PRUNES, extra large, 2 lbs ..... 25c  
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Prices for most styles..... \$5.50 and \$6.00

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"Well, well," said the absent-minded professor, as he stood knee-deep in the bath-tub, "what did I get in here for?" Our own Victorians are sometimes as bad as the professor, i. e., when they are absent-minded enough to call for a glass of ale at their bar or club and not to specify "Allsopp's Ale." It is for them to decide whether they drink the best Ale on the market or an inferior brew. Wise ones remember to demand "Allsopp's." It is on draught at all leading hotels and cafes. If your dealer cannot supply you with a keg for home consumption, please remember to 'phone us. We import it direct from the famous Brewery at Burton-on-Trent, England.

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## ISLAND'S VOICE IN COMPLAINT

Little Province's Grievances  
Again Ventilated in House  
of Commons

### IMMIGRATION IS DISCUSSED

Mr. Pringle Proposes Series of  
Amendments to Banking  
Act

Ottawa, Feb. 17.—Private members' day in the house was taken up with the grievance of Prince Edward Island in the matter of railway facilities, the need of extending free mail delivery to the municipalities adjacent to Montreal, the utilizing of the services of students with technical knowledge on public works, and the old story of immigration.

Mr. Wilson, of Lennox, and Addington gave a long disquisition on the need of better inspection and selection of immigrants, moving an amendment to that effect, and argued that the United States did those things much better than we did.

A characteristic complaint from Prince Edward Island was voiced by Alexander Martin, of Queens, who moved for all papers in possession of the government respecting the construction of branch railway lines in that province. The railway reports, which showed that large sums of money were paid in the island in railway construction, were not correct. What was needed by the people of that province was that the original comprehensive scheme before consideration of equipping the island with branch railway lines should be carried out, and this could be done without a very large expense. The industry of the government was confined to the time of a general election, when there was much activity in regard to surveys; then when the fight was lost or won, there was nothing done further. Confederation had done little for Prince Edward Island in comparison with what had been done for the other provinces. This was due to the neglect of the government in the matter of railway development.

Mr. Graham argued that from 1879 to 1896 there had been expended for construction of railways in the island \$340,650. From 1896 to 1907 the present government had spent \$3,550,000. He could assure the members from that province that a full investigation of the need of railway lines would be made, and if possible would be met.

The talk on Mr. Cockshutt's resolution doing away with assisted immigration, which was first moved on July 15th, was resumed by Mr. Wilson. He strongly objected to the policy of the government in bringing in Doukhobours and such classes. He had a strong suspicion that the North Atlantic Trading company was still the power behind. Mr. Wilson wanted a much stricter method of inspection.

He moved an amendment providing a more careful selection of sources from which immigrants should be sought and a more rigid inspection and the abolition of the bonus system. This was seconded by Mr. Blain. Dr. Cash moved the adjournment of the debate, and the house adjourned at 11:30 p. m.

R. A. Pringle, M. P. for Cornwall, will propose to the house an motion calling for amendments to the bank act:

1. To provide for government inspection.

2. To provide more stringent regulations as to circulation.

3. To make provisions as to percentage of capital and reserve that may be loaned to any one borrower.

4. To make provisions as to percentage that a bank may loan to its combined directorate.

5. To limit the amount of interest

### NEWS SUMMARY

Page 1—Proceedings in parliament. Ministers imprisoned, Russia and Turkey.

2—Proceedings in the legislature.

3—Victoria Waterworks bill before the private bills committee of the legislature. Last night's council meeting.

4—Editorial.

5—Note and comment. Forty years ago. About people.

British press opinion. Letters to the editor. Hotel arrivals.

6—Board of trade delegation asks government to provide for Mill Bay road in the estimates. General local news.

7—Chehalis case before the full court. Tuberculosis society meets. Jury returns verdict of accidental death in the case of A. F. Turner, who fell from pole Friday night.

General local news.

8—In woman's realm.

9—Sport.

10—Marine.

11—Sir Edgar Vincent before the Canadian club. A. W. More is dead. Rev. Tremayne Dunstan to Central Congregationalists. Music and drama.

12—Real estate advertisements.

13—Real estate advertisements.

14—News of the mainland.

15—Financial and commercial.

16—Real estate advertisements.

17—Council and E. & N. have difference over Victoria West sewerage system. Oak Bay council meeting. Proceedings in the legislature, continued. Government agent reports that there is no food shortage in Buckley valley. Council on Saloon question.

18—David Spencer Limited's ad.

or discount that banks may contract for.

6. To revise the powers of the bankers' association.

Mr. Pringle will also ask for the appointment of a royal commission to investigate the whole banking situation in Canada.

### Suicide's Funeral

Toronto, Feb. 17.—James J. Feehley, who shot himself after attempting to kill his wife, was buried in St. Michael's cemetery today. Roman Catholic clergymen refused to conduct a service, but there was no ceremony by the Canadian Order of Foresters. Neither Feehley's parents nor his widow would pay the cost of burial.

### France Ahead of United States

Paris, Feb. 17.—The commission sent by the French government to the United States to investigate mining disasters declare in its report made public today that the precautions to prevent gas explosions in the mines, and otherwise to safeguard the lives of miners, are less effective in the United States than in France.

### Lawyers Look to Pockets

Toronto, Feb. 17.—It is not likely that the proposed government resolution looking to a measure of law reform will be introduced in the legislature at once. The attorney-general has received a number of communications from law associations of the provinces in opposition to the measure. The principal objection to the bill appears to be that it will cut down law costs.

### Twenty-Eight Men Imprisoned in Part of Pennsylvania Colliery

### STRONG HOPE OF RESCUE

Gangway Where Men Are Confined Filled for Distance of 350 Feet

Pottsville, Pa., Feb. 17.—Twenty-eight miners were imprisoned in the Midvale colliery, near Mount Carmel, today by the breaking of a dam of water which had formed in a drift, which caused a rush of mud into the gangway where the men were at work. All day long a party of rescuers endeavored to reach the entombed men, and about 6 p. m. they were given encouragement by the sound of digging from the inside. Later a shot was also heard, indicating that the men were at work to effect their own rescue, and also giving assurance that the air is good.

Among the men entombed are a number of experienced miners, and it is believed that it will be possible to effect a rescue of all the men, unless some should have met death by being smothered in the rush of mud when the dam broke through the gangway.

Several of them are Americans. They are P. Robert, miner, Mount Carmel; George Smith, driver, Mount Carmel; Wm. Farley, loader, Connorsville; Jos. McGovern, sorter, Midvale; Albert Ford, loader, Mount Carmel; Charles Becker, miner, Midvale; Bernard Shanon, miner, Midvale.

The men had been employed in number 4 drift of the eastside gangway, driving a heading to the surface. The heavy rains and thaw of the last few days had caused a large amount of water to accumulate in number 2 drift and the pressure became so heavy that it finally broke through, and a great sea of mud flowed into the gangway where the men were at work. It filled for a distance of 350 feet, and it will be necessary to dig through the barrier of mud to get at the workmen from this direction.

Three different rescuing parties have been put to work in an endeavor to release the entombed men, one force is digging away the great bank of mud which filled the headway, another gang is engaged in driving a heading from an adjoining headway, while a third has been put to work at a point where the entombed men were to have driven the heading to the surface from the gangway in which they are now imprisoned.

It is believed that the last-named gang will be the first to reach the entombed men. Great crowds of people have gathered around the mouth of the slope, and have announced their intention of remaining all night. They include the families of the entombed men.

### GET OUT OF CHINA

Celestial Empire Said to Be Preparing to Issue Mandate to Europe

San Francisco, Feb. 17.—At a meeting in the Young Men's Christian association headquarters the Rev. N. G. Poon Chew, editor of the Chinese World, told his audience that China was raising an army of 1,000,000 to drive the European nations from the empire.

"But she will never be a menace to America," said the editor, "because among other things we have learned recently is that the United States is the only nation on earth with a conscience."

The journalist talked on "China's possibility and the church's responsibility," and he interspersed his address with epigrams and figures of true Chinese terseness.

"China," he continued, "is just awakening from her slumbers and she is getting ready to go to war. When she does, she will send Germany, France, Russia, England and other robbing and thieving nations home in a hurry. If Russia ever tries again to grab any Chinese territory we will fill her full of holes just as Japan did. China is destined to be the greatest nation on earth."

### CURRENCY QUESTION

New York Bankers on Record as Opposed to Senator Aldrich's Bill

New York, Feb. 17.—The council of administration of the State Bankers' association met this afternoon and again this evening at the Union League club, and discussed banking legislation. President Chas. Elliott Warren, who presided, delivered an address in which he advocated an emergency currency, elastic, and based upon the currency of the banks themselves.

The council put itself on record to-day as unequivocally disapproving the provisions of the Aldrich financial bill that they do not approve of a bond-supported emergency currency; that they demand an elastic currency based on bank assets, as provided in the measure of the currency commission of the American Bankers' association.

Winnipeg, Feb. 17.—The announcement that the police commission had decided to display more reason in the prosecution of Lord's Day act violations created much satisfaction throughout the city, especially among business men.

The police too expressed relief. They made no rounds yesterday, and will probably do nothing more in that direction until the more important cases now on the lists are disposed of. Some will be made tests.

The commissioners' decision was in reference to a widespread feeling of dissatisfaction throughout the city over the methods of the police, who were acting under the police commission's instructions not to discriminate. The feeling became so acute that the Lord's Day Alliance thought it necessary to disavow responsibility for the crusade. Rev. W. M. Rochester issued a lengthy statement to that effect.

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## NOTICE

## Special Cars

For the convenience of those attending the Fancy Dress Ball, special Cars will be run to all parts of the city, leaving the Empress Hotel at 1 a.m., and at the conclusion of the Ball.

## Ask Mother to make some Buckwheat Cakes

We have the Maple Syrup to accompany them, the real genuine article that will make your mouth water.

|                                      |     |
|--------------------------------------|-----|
| Pure Maple Syrup, quart tin .....    | 50¢ |
| Pure Maple Syrup, half gallon .....  | 90¢ |
| Pure Maple Syrup, quart bottle ..... | 35¢ |
| Buckwheat Flour, 3-lb. package ..... | 35¢ |

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Way send away for Flower or Vegetable Seeds when the very HIGHEST GRADE SEEDS IN THE WORLD can be obtained at home?

## Sutton's Seeds

We are Sole Agents and have just received fresh stocks for the coming season.

Catalogue on application.

**The Brackman-Ker Milling Company, Limited**  
Cor. Pandora and Broad Streets Phones 157 and 120.

## NOTICE

Our Patrons wishing carriages for the Empress Ball will confer a favour by telephoning their orders before noon today.

## The Victoria Transfer Co.,

Telephone 129

## The Last of Smiley's Cook Book

Those of our subscribers wishing a copy of Smiley's Universal Household Guide are requested to call at the Colonist Office at once and obtain a copy of the book.

## One Dollar Per Copy

as long as they last. This is the last lot of these books we will order. First come first served.

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"If he won't accept your substitute, why should you accept his?" Insist upon having the best.

## Anheuser Busch and Budweiser Beer

**R. P. Rithet & Co.**

Wholesale Agents, Victoria

Limited

## REDUCE TAXES NEXT SESSION

Personal Property Tax Will Probably Be Diminished By the Government

## NO INVESTIGATION NEEDED

Government Votes Down Resolution of Mr. Hawthornthwaite

An important announcement was made at the sitting of the legislature yesterday by Hon. R. G. Tatlow, minister of finance. This was to the effect that the government has been considering a reduction of the personal property tax and at next session they will probably bring in a measure reducing it materially. Mr. Tatlow, in answer to a question upon the order, stated that the government had considered the advisability of handing a portion of the tax over to the municipalities but had later deemed it preferable to remit it direct to the individual.

The session was marked by the debate upon Mr. Hawthornthwaite's resolution looking to a commission to enquire into the situation in the coal mines. Mr. Hawthornthwaite in his preamble alleged that most of the laws for the protection and relief of the miners were set at naught. He specifically stated that at Comox there were many hundred Asiatics employed who knew nothing of English and who through their ignorance were a menace to the lives of the white miners.

His remarks brought Hon. Richard McBride to his feet with a defense of the mines department, and the officials under it. He referred to the inspectors of coal mines under the act in highly eulogistic terms, and maintained that there was no necessity for an enquiry for no specific complaints had ever been received by the department.

The miners had their board of examiners in the different collieries. The miners at Comox were so satisfied with conditions that they had never availed themselves of the right to appoint an examiner. They had been satisfied to leave this to the government. The premier's remarks were received with applause. Mr. Macdonald did not express an opinion as to the justice of Mr. Hawthornthwaite's contentions, nor had he anything to say against the mines departments. He thought that the best interests of the province would be served by having an enquiry, however.

The resolution was voted down on a straight party vote, the government against the united opposition.

The third reading of the bill to incorporate the Hudson Bay Pacific railway company took place.

A number of bills were committed and will be reported tomorrow. The house in committee again considered the University bill, but rose and reported progress. J. A. Macdonald moved to strike out the section dealing with the granting of theological degrees by theological colleges in affiliation with the university but this was voted down.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock.

Prayers by the Rev. George Kinney

Oriental in Mines.

Mr. Hawthornthwaite: I beg to move Whereas this legislature enacted in 1895 An act to amend the Coal Mines Regulation act, providing that no person should be employed underground in any coal mine for a longer period than eight hours from "bank to bank" (surface entrance into a mine); and

Whereas this legislature further enacted in 1903-4 An act to Further Amend the Coal Mines Regulation act, which provides "Coal Miner" shall mean a person employed underground in any coal mine to cut, shear, break or loosen coal from the solid, whether by hand or machinery, and, after the coming into force of this act, possessed of a certificate of competency as such; and further, III. "No certificate of competency shall be granted to any coal miner who does not satisfy the majority of the board of examiners that he is sufficiently conversant with the English language, and with the provisions of the acts relating to coal mining and rules and regulations made thereunder, to render his employment as such safe, and also that he has been employed in a coal mine for at least twelve months previous to the date of his application for such certificate, and has sufficient knowledge of methods of coal mining to render him competent to perform the duties appertaining to his employment, and,

Whereas it is well known that these and other laws for the protection of underground workers in coal mines are not observed in the coal mines on Vancouver Island, more especially the mines operated by the Union Colliery company; and

Whereas it is also well known that a host of illiterate Orientals are employed underground in the mines at Cumberland;

Therefore, be it resolved that the government take prompt measures to enquire into the foregoing matters and enforce the laws in question.

Statements Misleading.

He remarked that the statements which had been given out by the department of mines with respect to the number of Orientals employed in these mines, and especially underground, had been misleading and incorrect.

But he did not charge the minister of mines with deliberately misleading the house in this respect. On the contrary, he was quite satisfied that the minister had been himself deceived; although the result in either case was the same. Many accidents had occurred, and undoubtedly these were due to the incompetency of these men who were employed on face work, and the public in this province was not aware of the facts. The first minister had told the house that the Oriental miners in the Cumberland mines received the same wages which were paid to the white miners. But he found in W. L. Mackenzie King's report on Oriental immigration that these men's wages varied from \$1.50 to \$1.90 a day. The hon. the first minister had been deceived on this point by the company, by whom scores of these Orientals were employed underground in defiance of the law. He was informed that this company employed 350 whites and 1,750 Orientals in that town, and that upwards of 1,000 of the latter were working underground in open defiance of the law, as

the strength of my hon. friend's case

if it has anything at all in it, lies in the statement that the lives of white miners are endangered by the employment underground of Asiatics who are illiterate and who know nothing of the working of mines. I have submitted figures showing how many of these

people are engaged in the mines, and

far as the examinations are concerned. These men were not qualified, and as a rule were an undesirable class for employment underground. It was well known that it was the policy of this company to favor the employment of no other class underground, holding that the Orientals were more desirable for this purpose than the ordinary white labor, for this was most unfair to other corporations in the province which only employed white men; for this was the only company in the province which used this class of labor.

There were other corporations which carried on operations on an extensive scale, but which did not employ Oriental labor at all. And as all this was eminently unfair and unjust, some steps must be taken to find a remedy. The miners themselves were practically helpless in the matter. It was true that these men were supposed to elect a member of the mining board; but if one of these men took the position and did his duty, he would assuredly lose his job in 24 hours. And if all the members of trades unions in the mines were not discharged, trades union officials would unquestionably lose their positions.

Opposed to Unions.

Having quoted at some length from the evidence given by Hon. James Dunsmuir before the commission, in which he declared his objection to all forms of union labor, Mr. Hawthornthwaite said it was impossible in these mines to form unions and to obtain protection in this way, and they had absolutely to depend upon the government and this house for the protection of their lives. For, he insisted, that these men were not and had not been receiving the protection which they should possess. Some weeks ago, through an explosion which had occurred in one of the mines, a number of men were injured, and one or two of them, whom he had seen, had been maimed and maimed for life. He was convinced that these accidents were not reported as fully as they should be, and that the public was not properly informed on the subject.

It was said that injured men could obtain compensation, but the fact was that they simply dare not take advantage of the law, even for the slightest injury, as they would not be again employed. And even when men were killed, their widows dared not seek damages, lest their children be practically driven out of the district. Such a condition of affairs was abnormal, and should not be permitted to exist in this province. He strongly urged the minister of mines to order a thorough investigation into all these matters, and ascertain whether his statements were, or were not, correct. He was satisfied that his statements were quite correct, and it was the duty of the government of the house to make an investigation and let the public know the truth.

Premier's Reply

Hon. Mr. McBride: Mr. Speaker, I wish to take up two or three of the statements of my hon. friend. I am told, sir, that I have been deceived and deceived by officials of my department. Well, my hon. friend, in that case must refer to the inspectors of my department. These gentlemen are three in number, but not one of them was appointed by this government, and all of them have been of officials of the department and members of the civil service for some years. With regard to two of them, complaints were at one time made, but the official investigation, which followed, showed that these complaints were absolutely groundless. (Hear, hear.) And speaking for myself, sir, as the minister in charge of the department and ascertain whether his statements were, or were not, correct. He was satisfied that his statements were quite correct, and it was the duty of the government of the house to make an investigation and let the public know the truth.

Two More Inspectors

I have spoken, sir, of the three inspectors who have been officials of the department in years gone by, and who are still in the service of the country. Let me now add that it is the intention of the department having in view the development of other coal mines in the province of British Columbia, to increase the number of inspectors and to have this change take place at the end of the fiscal year, so that by the opening of the fiscal year of 1908 we shall have two additional inspectors. (Hear, hear.) The coal mine in Nicola is being opened up, and promises very considerable development, while other mines are being opened up on Vancouver Island, and in the very near future additional mines will be brought into operation in Southeast Kootenay. (Hear, hear.)

Conditions in Cumberland

Now, just a word or two in regard to the conditions in Cumberland. I feel quite satisfied, sir, that my hon. friend in his address this afternoon rather directed his observations against the corporation involved than against the administration of the department of mines (hear, hear), and simply because there is nothing directly at his disposition that would enable him to ask this house to pass judgment on some resolution prompted against this corporation, he must needs make his attack upon the department of mines. (Hear, hear.) Well, sir, I have already emphasized the statement that I am not here to speak for the corporation. (Hear, hear.) But in view of the rather violent observations for which my hon. friend has become responsible in the attacks that he made some days ago in this house when he was dealing with this subject, I took it upon myself to make a few enquiries. Now, sir, it is quite true that this company employs foreign labor, but on the strength of the statement of the secretary of the corporation, I again repeat that the wages which are paid to Orientals at Cumberland are precisely on the same scale as those which are paid to the white miners. My hon. friend quotes from the report of Mr. King, but this has only regard to men who later on were to be employed by the company, and does not concern those who are already in the employ of the company. I followed my hon. friend's reading of the evidence very closely, and it is quite evident from the report which I have in my hands, that my statement of the other day was quite correct. (Hear, hear.) And the statement is made here that this clause applies only to those who were to be brought to the mines, and not to the men who were already employed there.

Employed by the Wellington Colliery at Comox under ground: Chinese miners, 52; runners, 13; mule-drivers, 34; and laborers on roads, etc., 39; and by white miners as helpers, and not paid by the company, 122, making a total of 260; while these are the figures for the Japanese: Miners, 37; runners, 8; mule-drivers, 6; laborers on roads, etc., 12; and employed by white miners and contractors as helpers and paid entirely by them, 82, making a total of 145; or a grand total of 405 Asiatics employed underground, of whom 204 are employed and paid by miners and contractors, and 201 are employed and paid by the company. (Hear, hear.)

Official Figures

Mr. Speaker, when I was addressing the house the other day on this subject, I had in my opinion at any rate every justification for every statement which I gave to my hon. friend, who now tells the house that on his information 350 white men and 1,750 Orientals are employed at the Union mines. My hon. friend does not give the source of his information, but I would take it that this comes from some one in that locality. My information on the subject, however, sir, is more direct, and is of a departmental character, and the figures which I will give to the house will go to show that instead of 1,750 Orientals being employed in these mines, there are but 405. (Hear, hear.) The complete figures are as follows:

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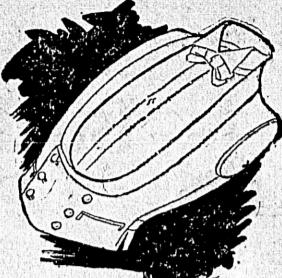
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## EVENING DRESS REQUISITES

DRESS SHIRTS, W. G. & R., excellent make, Coat Shirt, \$1.50  
DRESS SHIRTS, Welch-Margotson famous brand, closed, \$1.50  
DRESS SHIRTS, Cutt's, \$2.00  
DRESS SHIRTS, Cutt's, everybody's celebrated make, coat style, \$2.50  
DRESS GLOVES, per pair, 50¢ to \$1.25  
Ties, Evening Neckwear, Mufflers, etc., a full range.  
Flannel Hose, Cashmere, Lisle, Silk, etc.  
EVENING VESTS, all the latest and most popular creations, \$2.50 ap.



## SEA &amp; GOWEN

The Gentlemen's Store

1114 Government Street

## FOR THE BABIES



Thousands of sweet-tempered, rosy-cheeked boys and girls have been brought up on these excellent, pure Foods:

|   |        |
|---|--------|
| Horlick's Malted Milk, 50c, \$1.00 and        | \$3.75 |
| Peptogenetic Milk Powder, 65c and             | \$1.25 |
| Frame Food                                    | 50c    |
| Benger's Food                                 | 75c    |
| Neave's Food                                  | 50c    |
| Allenbury's Milk Food, all sizes and numbers. | 50c    |
| Ridge's Food                                  | 50c    |
| Imperial Granum                               | \$1.25 |
| Robson's Patent Barley                        | 25c    |
| Robson's Patent Groats                        | 25c    |

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## TREVOR KEENE

Auctioneer and Appraiser

Salerooms, 77 and 79 Douglas St.

## SALES CONDUCTED

TREVOR KEENE - Auctioneer  
Tel. A742

## MAYNARD &amp; SON

AUCTIONEERS.

We are instructed by Mrs. Argent to sell at her residence

55 Boyd Street, James Bay,

All Her

## Furniture and Effects Bedding, Etc.

Friday, Feb. 21st  
2 p. m.

Full particulars later.

## MAYNARD &amp; SON, - Auctioneers

## MAYNARD &amp; SON

AUCTIONEERS.

Instructed by the owners we will sell on

Wednesday, Feb. 19th,  
2 P. M.

At our Sale Rooms, Broad Street,

## ALMOST NEW Furniture and Effects

Organ, Piano,  
Two Gas Ranges  
Bay Horse.

9 Boxes Apples,

Full particulars later.

## MAYNARD &amp; SON, - AUCTIONEERS

Ex Steamship Herefordshire

## Messrs. Williams &amp; Janion

Duly instructed will sell by public auction at their mart on

Thursday, 20th Feb.,

At 2:30 p. m. sharp,

The whole of his

## Household Furniture and Effects

SMOKING ROOM—Overmantel, cosy corner, writing table, 2 Morris chairs, handsome screen, book shelf, chairs, pictures, ornaments, cushions, etc.

HALL—Wilton pile carpet, hall chair, bicycle, etc., Wilton pile stair carpet, pictures, etc.

DRAWING ROOM—2 overmantels, brass fire screen, lounge, chairs, writing tables, cosy corners, occasional pedestal, carved screen, fender, Oriental carpets, pictures, etc.

KITCHEN—Kitchen tables, chairs, cooking utensils, dinner service, linoleum floor, pictures, etc.

DINING ROOM—Walnut extension table, dining chairs, sideboard, carpet, fire screen, pictures, etc.

BEDROOMS—2 bedroom suites (furnished white), 1 oak bedroom suite, single and double beds, wardrobe, child's cot, chairs, carpet, etc.

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BED

# The Colonist.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability, 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

J. S. H. Matson, Managing Director.

## The Daily Colonist

Delivered by carrier at 85 cents per month, or 75 cents if paid in advance; mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city or suburban districts which are covered by our carriers), or the United Kingdom, at the following rates:

One year. . . . . \$5.00  
Three months. . . . . 1.25  
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London Office, 90-92 Fleet Street

### THE WATER BILL.

No one expected that the Bill to amend the Victoria Waterworks Act would escape very strenuous opposition. The city is asking for fairly large powers, and these, if granted, will of necessity interfere with rights claimed, if not actually possessed, by others. Mr. A. E. Todd, who is a property owner on the shore of Sooke Lake, fears that the value of his holdings will be reduced if the city dams the lake. The municipality of Oak Bay thinks that the proposed legislation may seriously affect the future of that growing suburb. The Esquimalt Water Works company represents that the Bill will deprive it of valuable property without compensation. The B. C. Electric Railway company claims that the measure will interfere with its statutory rights to supply light and power within the city of Victoria. The case thus presented is not free from difficulties. Any rights which the owners of property abutting on Sooke Lake may have can be easily enough protected; but the questions arising out of the other petitions are not so easily disposed of. If the course advocated by The Colonist had been taken and a reasonable agreement could have been made with the Esquimalt Water Works company for the purchase of all its rights, the city would then be in a position to supply water to the whole area between Esquimalt harbor and Cordova bay, and it would have been an easy matter to have come to an understanding with the municipality of Oak Bay and all other suburban districts as to supplying them. This would have left as the only open question the exclusive claims advanced by the Electric Railway company. We print the petitions from the several interests, and invite the attention of our readers to them, and shall reserve such comment as we may feel like making until we have had time to give the subject fuller consideration.

### DREADING THE FUTURE

Mr. Bernard Shaw thinks it not impossible that the day may come when the property interests in Great Britain will compel the King to put himself at the head of a movement to suppress the democracy, by repealing the franchise laws and establishing a dictatorship. He makes it plain that his reverence is not to His Majesty Edward VII, but to some one of his successors, and he thinks that the only solution to the crisis that will thus be created will be by the democracy resorting to the expedient of which history furnishes so many examples, and of which Charles I and the late King of Portugal were striking illustrations. In other words, he looks forward to a time when "Kill the King" may be the war cry of the British democracy.

Mr. Shaw is a brilliant man, who is apparently under a strong sense of conviction that what he does not know is not worth knowing, and that what he cannot think out is insoluble. Combined with this is a passion for the spectacular, and the result is that his conclusions are safest when taken with all the contents of the salt-cellar. The property interests of Great Britain must determine to try conclusions with the proletariat, the artizans and that great body of people who are neither identified closely with property nor yet with the wage-earners, but we take leave to doubt it. There are great social problems that must be worked out in Great Britain, but their solution ought to be possible without violence. If the time ever comes, when the refusal of the minority to meet the reasonable views of the majority leads to a contest between the property-owning class and the multitude of landless people, there will be very little doubt as to the outcome. Times have changed. Appliances of destruction are available to rich and poor alike. A few men on horseback can no longer terrorize whole communities. If there is ever a clash between property interests and the democracy, the former will certainly suffer, whatever the ultimate consequences to the latter may be. We are not so pessimistic as to suppose that the British people will be unable to find a peaceful solution of the problems created by the evolution of our civilization. Perhaps Mr. Bernard Shaw understands the situation much better than we do, and perhaps he is only frightened by ghosts which his imagination has conjured up.

### THE SOUND SERVICE

The Alaska Steamship Company announces its intention of cutting the rate to Seattle to fifty cents. It is free to do so if it likes, but we hope that the people of Victoria will not encourage anything of the kind. That company seems to be under the impression that it owns the service between here and Seattle. At one time it had the monopoly, and put into ser-

vice any sort of a rattletrap that suited its purposes. One of their ships went to pieces and with results that we all mourn. The people of Victoria called upon the Canadian Pacific Railway company to come to their rescue, and that company responded, giving us a service far in advance of anything that we ever had enjoyed. Now the Alaska people propose to put rates down to such a figure as they hope will compel the Canadian company to go out of the business, temporarily at least. This they did after overtures made to the C. P. R. to abandon the service for the present had been rejected. The C. P. R. has never yet been in the class of "quitters" and we do not believe has any intention of entering it; nevertheless, we suggest to the people of Victoria that they stand by the company that has stood by them. A company, which built the Empress Hotel, placed such ships as the Princess Victoria, Princess Beatrice and Princess Royal on the service, and is building a new vessel for the same route that will far surpass all others, a company that has given all passengers to and from the Sound a feeling of safety, such as they never enjoyed, even in the days when the fine old City of Kingston was on the route, is entitled to the loyal support of Victorians, even if an opposition line carries people for nothing and throws in meals and staterooms. Unless we greatly mistake the temper of the people of this city, they will extend to the Canadian Pacific steamers even a larger share of their patronage than they have given in the past. If the Alaska Steamship company does not like the situation, let them leave it. We have no fault to find with the service that company has been giving with the Indians and Chippewa. These are speedy and comfortable boats, although they are not equal to those the Canadian Pacific have, and even if they were, the people of Victoria ought not to permit their transportation interests to be handled by any foreign company. Therefore let us stand by the Canadian Pacific. What are a few dollars when compared with a feeling of safety and an assurance that we will always have the best possible service? The Rosalie is now on the route for the Alaska Company. She is not a bad little ship, but is utterly unsuited to the winter traffic of Victoria. Doubtless these are lean months, but no company can expect every month in the twelve to be fat.

### NAVAL MATTERS.

A London despatch says that after Lord Charles Beresford retires from the command of the Channel squadron he will return to the political arena for the purpose of combatting the naval policy of Sir John Fisher. He claims that the condition of the navy is such as to call for a thorough investigation. The despatch says that

Lord Charles feels very keenly a letter which has appeared from Lord Esher. The latter is a very close friend of the King, and is perhaps His Majesty's most trusted adviser on all matters relating to the forces, and although the King cannot constitutionally interfere with the work of the Admiralty, there is a pretty general idea that what Lord Esher says he approves of. Lord Esher declines to admit that there is any need for an inquiry into the state of the navy. It is intimated that his letter was directly inspired by the King, and, however this may be, we are pretty safe in assuming that the views expressed in it are those held by him. Naturally Lord Beresford does not care to be severely criticized by one having such close relations with the King, and it is therefore anticipated that he will take the earliest possible opportunity of placing his views before the people from a place in Parliament.

Lord Charles has been a conspicuous figure ever since that memorable day twenty-five years ago, when, by his gallant conduct at Alexandria he exhibited in splendid fashion the best traditions of the British navy. He holds a warm corner in the British heart, and while his views may be extreme on some points, the general disposition will be to hear what he has to say with at least a very friendly interest. We quote from the despatch referred to the following interesting particulars as to his public career:

Every since he commanded the Conqueror in the bombardment of Alexandria in 1882 and had charge of the naval forces in the subsequent battles of Abu Klea and Abu Kru, where he won the bronze star of Medjidieh, third class, and was constantly mentioned in Lord Wolseley's despatches for conspicuous gallantry, although ignored by Sir Edward Seymour in his. Lord Charles has been a thorn in the side of the Admiralty. At one time it seemed that he was on the point of realizing his strenuous efforts for naval reform, for, in 1886, in the full time of parliamentary favor due to his achievements in Egypt, he was made a lord commissioner of the Admiralty. Two years later, however, he was obliged to resign because the recommendations that he had made on the strength of the fleet were not complied with. Later he visited China under the auspices of the Associated Chambers of Commerce, and on his return was made commander of the Mediterranean squadron, from which command he retired in 1902 in order to enter Parliament and fight out on the floor of the House of Commons the naval question he had always had nearest his heart.

As a debater he was not a success, and in the following year, having vainly tried to prove to the English people that the Mediterranean squadron, and, in fact, the whole of His Majesty's fleet, was as inefficient and as poorly prepared for hostilities as had been the British army at the beginning of the South African war, he returned to the service with the intention of the Admiralty to keep his mouth shut in the future. Such was his popularity and such had been his

distinguished services in action, as well as in time of peace, as a naval strategist, however, that the Admiralty did not dare to refuse him the most conspicuous command within its gift, that of the Channel squadron, which was, moreover, his by right of seniority.

The Vancouver World wants the capital removed to that city. Anything else, please?

The people of Colwood and Metchosin have joined hands in a "pull together" movement for the advancement of their districts. The Colonist wishes them every success.

And now it is announced that the Mutual Reserve Life Assurance Company is hopelessly insolvent. That "financial flurry" which we have heard so much about seems unable to quit flurrying.

The superintendent of the Pacific Cable Board favors the proposal to establish an Imperial news service. There may be objections to such a project which we do not see, but certainly nothing has yet been advanced publicly that can be regarded as a substantial objection.

Some shipping interests show a surprising lack of faith in the diplomatic utterances to the effect that a war between the United States and Japan is quite out of the question. Lloyds is reported to be doing considerable business at five per cent insurance against an outbreak of hostilities.

The Presbyterian Men's Foreign Missionary society of the United States has determined to make an effort to raise \$2,000,000 for foreign missions next year. Many earnest, right-living and right-thinking people are of the opinion that a considerable proportion of this sum could be expended to advantage right at home.

One of the four suffragettes who were released a few days ago from Holloway Jail after a martyrdom of three weeks, as second class prisoners, confessed that the severest punishment was that she was obliged to keep silence. This confession on her part is incomplete in one important particular in that it is not explained how in the name of all that is wonderful she managed to do it.

The Tribune, the London Liberal morning penny paper, has suspended publication. It made a plucky fight for a little over two years, and its failure was due to insufficient capital. It has been steadily gaining, and if it could have been kept alive a year or two more, would doubtless have been a great financial success. But no one would come forward with the necessary money, and therefore, it was discontinued "while there was ample money on hand to pay all its liabilities."

The January British trade returns are apparently of such a character as to strengthen the hands of the Tariff Reformers in educating the masses up to the belief that the time has arrived when it is desirable to ask in all seriousness whether Cobden's policy is working in the interests of the country at the present time. The figures show an all round decrease in imports to the amount of 7 per cent, and in exports to the amount of rather less than 2 per cent. The value of imported raw materials declined \$9,466,710 and that of manufactured \$12,999,500.

At a time when there is a disposition in some quarters in Victoria to question the wisdom of maintaining the Tourist Association, it is proper to direct general attention to the action of the city council of Regina, as told in a press despatch which we published on Sunday morning. It was decided to grant \$5,000 to the board of trade for the continuance of the publicity campaign. It was feared, says the correspondent, that the campaign for advertising would have to be dropped, owing to the hard times, but the council has come to the rescue with a handsome donation.

We have a correspondent who says some very nice things about the poems of Mr. Robert W. Service, but he tells us that we must not print them. Nevertheless, we disregard his wishes so far as to say that his opinion is that the poet's writings are so near to nature that we feel the warm hand-clasp and cheery words of one who understands life—life beneath the surface of things, which so few of us can interpret. For ourselves we will add that Mr. Service has sounded a note in poetry that is distinctly new, and that we are glad to learn that it may not be long before the world is able to read more of what he has to tell it.

There was a very interesting exchange of views in the House of Lords last week when Lord Curzon criticized the Anglo-Russian treaty. He said it was bad in respect to Afghanistan, bad in regard to Tibet and worse in regard to Persia. He was answered by Lord Cromer, who, while not wholly approving of the provisions of the treaty, said that the object aimed at met with the hearty approval of the British people, and that it was perhaps as well not to say too much about its possible weak points. No nation in the world could produce men the equal of Curzon and Cromer, as authorities upon questions affecting Asia.

It has just been demonstrated, in the case of one Robert Caldwell, wanted in London on a charge of perjury in the celebrated Druce trial, and under arrest in New York, prepara-

tory to extradition, that the insanity dodge may be worked with success by others than millionaires who have invoked the "unwritten law." This juggling with the law may be very clever, judged from a certain standpoint, but in the last analysis it comes right down to a case of the pollution of the fountain of justice, which is bound to have a very serious effect on the moral fibre of the people of the United States. It is not difficult to foresee that ere long the "divorce evil" will have as a running mate the "insane evil."

We are very glad to be able to print the letter from Mr. W. A. Johnson, which appears in this morning's Colonist, and in which he tells of the conditions existing at Hazelton in regard to the supply of provisions, and also a copy of an official report on the same subject from F. W. Valjeau, provincial government agent at that point, in which he sets forth the exact conditions. Readers will remember that, owing to accidents on the river, a considerable quantity of goods destined for the northern town failed to reach their destination, and a great deal was said about the effect of this upon the winter's supply of food. Fears were expressed that there would be an embarrassing shortage. Mr. Johnson shows that there is no occasion whatever for uneasiness, that all requirements are being met and that prospectors and settlers are able to get what supplies they need.

Should a Bill which it is intended shall be introduced into the British House of Commons pass that body, a unique experiment will be embarked upon which will attract worldwide interest. The prime mover in the innovation suggests that all British timepieces be put forward eighty minutes, so that a man, getting up apparently at 9 in the morning, would really be doing so at 7.40. Thus he would gain one hour and twenty minutes of daylight. The bill which has been drawn up by William Pearce, M.P., asks the House of Commons to institute a new British time in the summer months, and by advancing all clocks the number of minutes mentioned, give Britons an extra two hundred and ten hours of daylight, as by a miracle. The astronomers at Greenwich say it would be easy. Already they record three times—sideral, according to the stars; astronomical, beginning at noon, and civil, beginning at midnight. Considerable opposition has been manifested towards the proposal. The manager of the Savoy hotel declares it would be impossible to change the time as Mr. Pearce proposes. The society dining hour, he says, is already late, and it is possible that people would dislike walking about in evening dress. Should the bill pass, it would mean that 7.30 would stand for what 6.10 does now. While the suggestion is by no means a new one, this is the first time that it has ever been advanced in such serious fashion, and the outcome of the agitation will be awaited with interest. There will be general agreement that under the present system many valuable hours of daylight are practically wasted during the summer months, and it is easily understandable that large bodies of workingmen would be advantageously affected if they were to commence their labors at an earlier hour in the summer, so that they would have a longer period of sunshine during the leisure hours of the evening.

The Times says it knew that The Colonist would stand for the purchase of the Esquimalt Water Works company's property. It did not require very much perspicacity on the part of any one to see that The Colonist regarded the Goldstream watershed as the best possible source of supply for Victoria, for we have said so over and over again in language which we intended to make so plain that no one could misunderstand it. We have the testimony of Mr. Adams to the same effect. We have the additional testimony afforded by the fact that the city has endeavored by costly litigation to establish its right to go there for water, also by the fact that in the Bill now before the legislature the city is asking power to take water from that source. There need never be the least doubt in any one's mind about The Colonist's opinion as to the best source of supply. For the rest, we are favorable to the city acquiring this source, if it can be got for a reasonable price. All we have asked is that the city shall make an effort to see if it can be got for such a price, and if so, leave it to the ratepayers to take it, if they want to. We are confident that it will be a mistake for the city to permit any company to supply water to take water from that source. There need never be the least doubt in any one's mind about The Colonist's opinion as to the best source of supply. For the rest, we are favorable to the city acquiring this source, if it can be got for a reasonable price. All we have asked is that the city shall make an effort to see if it can be got for such a price, and if so, leave it to the ratepayers to take it, if they want to. We are confident that it will be a mistake for the city to permit any company to supply water to take water from that source.

It is pretty generally conceded that those who give their undivided attention to anything produce the best results. It is agreed also that long service as a specialist makes that specialist better fitted to do his chosen work. Our whole time and consideration is given to the work of furnishing homes. Long service in this single line is also ours. Our department managers have also spent years in handling the merchandise sold in their departments. The experience of years in planning and furnishing hundreds of homes and in buying to supply the demands of a cosmopolitan folk puts them in a better position to buy and plan intelligently than ordinary storekeepers.

"Furniture of real stability and merchandise of decided worthiness"—that's the policy of our buyers. They don't look for "Job Lots" or "Specials."—"Quality" always with them, and "quality" in Furniture and "House Furnishings" pays. Before you invest a cent in furniture, see ours and COMPARE VALUES.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability, 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

Weiler Bros.  
COMPLETE HOME FURNISHINGS  
VICTORIA, B.C.

The Largest and Best  
In the Whole Wide West.  
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## NEW SPRING CARPETS

DISCLOSE DAINTY NEW STYLES--SELECT YOUR CARPET NOW

THE business of our Carpet Department for the first six weeks of 1908 mirrors none of the business depression we read about. To date, we have been favored with a steadily increasing business in Carpets and Floor Coverings. The public have faith in this establishment, know it is solid, and its guarantee of quality is good.

The present offering in Carpets, Rugs and other Floor Coverings far surpasses all our previous efforts along this line. We have gathered together in our large, well-lighted showrooms an immense assortment of the choicest products from the looms of the best manufacturers. We have bought in large quantities, and for cash, and are in a position to offer you unequalled values in Floor Coverings. Our Carpet Department's reputation for goods of "quality" is pretty generally well known. We handle only Carpets and Rugs of known worth, and give you a double guarantee of their goodness. The manufacturer and ourselves stand back of every piece, to guarantee its goodness. Cheap goods never satisfy; it pays to get the best—especially so in carpet-buying.

### Special Hearth-Furnishings Show

The Hearth Furnishing offerings of our First Floor showrooms should interest you these days. On the balcony is shown an assortment of Penders, Fire Sets, Screens, etc., of more ordinary note. Come in and see these pieces!

### New Arrivals in Dinnerware

If you have not seen the new arrivals in Dinnerware you have missed a genuine treat. We have never before shown a more interesting collection of medium priced sets or offered better values than these.

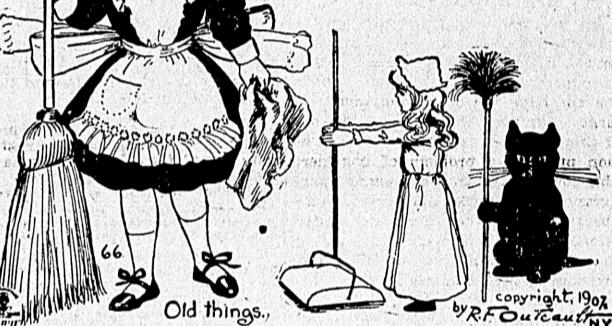
### Special Values in Nottingham Lace Curtains

Last week we unpacked more than sixty new designs in Nottingham Lace Curtains. Before the advent of this big shipment we had what we, and many others, considered a very creditable showing, but the addition of several hundred pairs embracing more than sixty new designs easily places our showing of Nottingham Curtains far in the lead.

In these new designs are to be seen the latest creations of the World's best makers of curtains. They have special features, such as the Hang-Easy Top, and others which are lacking in some makes—little items perhaps, but combining to make a better curtain. The range of pricings permits of great choice. You'll find every pair the best possible value at the price asked. If you want a low priced curtain investigate the style we offer at seventy-five cents per pair. You could pay \$1.25 to \$1.50 at some stores and get no better.

Prices range from, per pair, \$14 down to 75c

little house-maid says  
it is hard to take an interest  
in cleaning house with all  
those old things.



You'll need a host of new cleaning helps for this Spring's Cleaning Time. You can't do good work with the old worn ones and new and good ones will do the work better and with half the exertion on your part.

In Brooms and Brushes and Dusters and all such, quality should count, as in the more expensive items of the home. Your money comes to you real hard, so why not save on the small items? You'll save by purchasing such needs from us. Visit the Kitchen Department—First Floor.

### Splendid Showing of New Cretonnes and Chintzes

OUR SECOND FLOOR NOW LADED WITH THE DAIEST OF CURTAIN MATERIALS

Close in the wake of these new British and French Cretonnes and Chintzes will come the glorious spring zephyrs, and even now spring seems to have come to our second floor. So much of the coming glory of the most delightful of seasons is reflected in the new Cretonnes and Chintzes the whole Curtains and Drapery department has taken on the air of spring.

Each year designs are improved and colorings made more beautiful, and this season's efforts easily surpass all previous attempts. Even with all this extra goodness the prices are, if anything, lower than before and certainly low enough to make them more popular.

These materials may be used for a great many purposes and are particularly adapted for curtains, drapes, loose covers, etc. We offer you





## CLAY'S METROPOLITAN TEA ROOMS

Try Some of Our Choice English Chocolates

A POT OF OUR FINE TEA,  
A CUP OF COFFEE,  
A CUP OF COCOA AND WHIPPED CREAM,  
A CUP OF CHOCOLATE,  
A CUP OF BOVRIL.

For your afternoon Tea while down town will refresh you.

CLAY'S CONFECTIONERY

Tel. 101. 619 Fort Street.

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Filled With Skill and Care.  
ALL STANDARD MEDICINES KEPT  
TOILET SUPPLIES AND NOVELTIES

In Endless Variety.

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## Shade Trees

NOW IS THE TIME TO PLANT

Chestnut, Lindens, Elms,  
Maples, Laburnums, &c.

## JAY & CO.

13 Broad Street

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YES!  
They're Awfully Funny—We  
Mean Those  
Harry Launder  
Edison  
Records  
40c Each

FLETCHER BROS.  
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Ladies SWEDISH Gents  
MASSAGE  
Turkish Baths  
VIBRATOR TREATMENT  
MR. BJORNFELT, SWEDISH  
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Special Massage and Homoeat-  
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MRS. CAMPBELL  
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Will Go Out by  
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## ON PERJURY CHARGES

Former Officers of Bankers' Life Insurance Company Surrender Themselves

New York, Feb. 17.—Foster M. Voorhees, former attorney-general of New Jersey, and Frank C. Combes, of Philadelphia, who were indicted by the grand jury last week on charges of perjury following an investigation of the Bankers' Life Insurance company of this city, surrendered themselves to the district attorney today. They were promptly arraigned before Justice Dowling in the supreme court, and gave bonds of \$2,500 each.

The indictment grew out of an annual report of the Bankers' Life Insurance company in 1904. At that time Voorhees was president and Combes secretary of the corporation. This report, signed by both, declared that \$20,000 of the dividend of the company was not due the stockholders. The superintendent of insurance and the district attorney investigated the report and the indictment followed.

The United States navy department is considering a test of the penetrating power of twelve-inch shell against the turret of the monitor Florida, in which twelve volunteers are to be stationed. The proposal is to have the monitor Arkansas fire the shell, weighing 550 pounds, from a sixty-ton gun, at a distance of two miles. The theory is that the shell encased in the turret, protected by an eleven-inch belt of armor, will be safe and will come out unscathed to report the shock. The original idea was to place animals in the turret.

The action brought at Seattle by P. F. Nordby against Capt. J. A. Johnson to recover the value of the few schooners North and four dories seized by the U.S. cruiser Kestrel a few years ago and confiscated because of being taken with in the three-mile limit, has been settled. Nordby, the owner, claimed the seizure was due to Captain Johnson's negligence.

The R. M. S. Empress of India will sail this evening from the outer wharf, collected by Mrs. Jenkins and Mrs. Rocke Robertson; Mrs. Watt, \$1; Mrs. Herkimer, \$2; Mrs. W. Grant, \$2; Mrs. W. Fisher, (Metropolitan), \$1; Mrs. Shakespeare, \$1; Daughters of pity, \$10; Mrs. Perrin, \$1; Mrs. H. Grant, \$1; Mrs. Cars, \$1; Duncans Christian Aid society, \$5; Miss Fawcett, \$1; Mrs. J. H. Taylor, \$1; Mrs. C. Wilson, \$250; Mrs. Day, \$1; Mrs. Clyde, \$60; Mrs. G. A. Lewis, \$1; Mrs. Cooper, \$60; Mrs. Harrison, \$60; Mrs. Flett, \$2; Ladies of the Macabees, \$1; Mrs. Whittier, \$60; Mrs. Gladstone, \$1; Mrs. Nicholls, \$1; Home Nursing society, \$5; Mrs. Hermann, Robertson, \$1; Mrs. A. Rocke Robertson, \$1; Metropolitan Ladies Guild, \$5; Mrs. Jenkins, \$50; Mrs. Harold Robertson, \$155; Mrs. D. Ker, \$150; Mrs. McKeown, \$1; Mrs. Christie, \$50; Mrs. Ulm, \$1; Mrs. Arthur Robertson, \$5; Rev. Baugh Allen, \$5; Mrs. Butchart, \$2; Mrs. James Duns-muir, \$5. Collected, \$79.55.

Paid in cash on bill, \$73.55; discount by I. B. & Co., 97c. Total, \$79.52. Advanced to president for post cards, \$1. After the meeting was over the ladies adjourned to the dining room, where Mrs. Fagan had kindly spread a bountiful table for their refreshment. The next monthly meeting will be held in the city hall.

Hon. A. S. White has been appointed a puisne judge of New Brunswick.

SHILOH'S

Quick cure for the worst cough—quick relief to the heaviest cold—and SAFE to take, even for a child.

That is Shiloh's Cure. Sold under a guarantee to cure colds and coughs quicker than any other medicine—or your money back. 34 years of success command Shiloh's Cure. 25c., 50c., \$1.

McClary's Kootenay Steel Range  
is unequalled for quality and durability.  
Clarke & Parsons sole agents.

WINTER STOVES — Select your  
from Clarke & Pearson's large and  
complete stock.

Dr. H. B. F. Crichton, of Paris, the  
celebrated court doctor of Europe, on  
Beauty Culture has all his toilet  
preparations including Gray Hair Elixir  
that will return gray hair to its  
natural color, a positive cure for  
dandruff, giving it a lustre like silk,  
contains no oil or dye. Andra Oil re-  
moves wrinkles, smallpox pits, shallow  
skin. Half Destroyer, kills the hair  
bulbs and destroys superfluous hair.  
Dermathol, removes pimples, black  
heads, oily skin. Obesitol, a positive  
external cure for obesity, represented  
by Mrs. Winch, new number \$17, Cor-  
morant street. Mail orders given spec-  
ial attention.

We could send you thousands of testi-  
monials from people restored to  
health by Hollister's Rocky Mountain  
Tea. No other remedy so effective and  
safe. 35c. Tea or Tablets. C. H.  
Hollister.

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Also Spraying Mixture

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### English Breakfast Cruets at Cut Prices

\$2.00  
TO  
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An almost endless variety of handsome Cruets—delightful for inexpensive gifts—fine English Plate, with cut glass or fine, artistic-china bottles. Economy to purchase one of these.

W. H. WILKERSON 915 Government St, Next to Weiler Bros. Tel. 1606.

### A CLEAR COMPLEXION

with its exquisite freshness and beauty of coloring; the inimitable texture that marks the skin of youth may be preserved or gained by

#### BARKER VIBRATOR

The greatest rejuvenator of the age; a wonderful scientific massage machine that can be attached to the ordinary electric lamp socket and used by a lady without trouble or danger. Kindly call and let us explain its marvelous merits.

HINTON ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Government Street, Victoria, B.C.

### SAVING OF CHILDREN

The question of the importance of caring for the children who may possibly develop into criminals, was recently discussed by Dr. Gilmour in a talk given in this city. He said:

Of all the charities, child saving is undoubtedly the greatest. It alleviates the most pathetic of all suffering and yields the most magnificent results.

There is no phase of dependence that appeals to the human heart like that of innocent, helpless childhood. Victor Hugo in his masterpiece says: "When we have seen the misery of man we have seen nothing until we have seen the misery of woman, and when we have seen the misery of woman we have seen nothing until we have seen the misery of childhood." Abandoned childhood is subject to the worst calamities, while protected childhood, directed along proper lines, has such magnificent possibilities.

The defenceless child is surrounded by fragile walls which all open into vice or crime.

One of the world's greatest humanists tells us, "That of all the things that God has made, the human heart is that which sheds the most light, and, alas, the most night." The divine command is, "Let there be light" and as we live in an age when it is considered inhuman to repeat that ancient question, "Am I my brother's keeper?" how important it is that the greatest effort should be concentrated on the child.

Let us for a moment consider what education does for the human race.

In the United States eight times as many criminals come from the uneducated classes as from the educated. The history of England in this respect is no less striking. In the year 1870, 17,000 children were attending the common schools in England, and in that year England had one hundred and thirty-five prisons containing 29,000 prisoners. About this date the facilities for educating the children of the masses in England were immensely improved and in the year 1890 we find 4,800,000 children attending the elementary schools of England. In the year 1899 we find nearly 6,000,000 children attending the elementary schools and notwithstanding the fact that the population of England had increased enormously during the past thirty years, the prison population had been practically cut in two. So striking was this feature that Sir George Kettewitch, who gave much thought and care to this work, made use of this phrase: "When you open a school you close a prison."

These facts are most encouraging, but let us look for a moment on the dark side of the picture. The greatest number of first commitments for crime are between the ages of fifteen and twenty, and one of the sad features of early crime is, that the prospects of reformation of those that go into crime early in life are less than those who enter crime later in life. A terse writer has said: "Sow a thought, reap an act; sow a habit; sow a habit, reap a character; sow a character, reap a destiny." This practically epitomizes the history of childhood. What may appear the trivial influences of early life, yield eternal fruit.

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It has warped the giant oak forever." The two causes of crime are heredity and defective early environment, the latter being by far the greater. In view of this, how essential is it that the formative years of a child's life should be spent amid pure and ennobling influences.

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It is with a start of surprise, almost of dismay, that people who have scarcely begun to call themselves elderly noticed that it is proposed this year to celebrate the hundredth anniversary of the birth of President Lincoln. The eventful years of the civil war are so fresh in their memories and the strong personality of Lincoln seems yet close to them that it is almost impossible to realize that more than the lifetime of a generation has elapsed since his work was ended. Yet this is a fact, and a movement is on foot to fittingly celebrate the centenary of the strong, true man who in his hour of greatest need guided the destiny of the United States. It is when we think of such men as Lin-

coln, that we feel how closely akin all English-speaking people are. We in Canada feel that President Roosevelt will not go far enough when he wrote, "The heroes of each side in the great struggle of the four dark years are the heroes of the whole nation, and the whole nation can fittingly join in celebrating the hundredth birthday of the man to whom, more than to any other, we owe that we are a nation at all," for Lincoln and such men as he belong not only to the nation but to the world.

# In Woman's Realm

In devoting more space than formerly to the affairs of women, the Colonist is taking a step which it is hoped our lady friends will appreciate. Any communication from them of general interest will be welcome and carefully attended to.

### HERE AND THERE

A great deal of fun is being made in the newspapers and periodicals of the nature of the precise meaning of the term "fakir" in this connection would, perhaps, be a little hard to define.

There is, doubtless, some false sentiment and much unreliable information published in these days concerning what we are inclined to call the lower creation. The stories of Thompson-Seton, Roberts and others, delightful as they are, may go too far in attributing to the creatures of wood and stone the feelings and passions of the human race. None, we think, would include Kipling's Jungle Book among the number that convey this false impression. There are many who believe that the time devoted to what is called "Nature Study" in the schools is wasted, and that much that is learned concerning plants, animals, or even minerals, will have to be unlearned by the serious student of botany, zoology or geology.

Yet there is much to be said on the other side of the question. It is a great thing to arouse an interest in the world around us. The boy who spends his spare time in watching the birds or insects in the neighborhood, or the little girl who hunts the dolls and dingles for the first flower of spring is passing an innocent and elevating pleasure. It is surely better to err on the side of too great tenderness towards dumb animals than to treat them with harshness and cruelty.

If children, or their elders, could be taught to see and love the beauty, the grandeur and the wonder of which the world is full, the future generation could not fail to be purer, gentler, yet wiser than the present.

For many centuries and in all countries soup has been looked upon as a valuable and nutritious part of the diet of human beings. For invalids, broths of various kinds have been looked upon as strengthening and easily digested. Now Dr. Osler declares against their use, so it is reported.

Perhaps the learned and versatile physician has, as in the case of his famous decision in regard to age, not intended his dictio to be of universal application.

Housewives who pride themselves on the richness and flavor of their soups may find consolation in the reflection that doctors differ. It is scarcely likely that the experience of generations and the taste of millions will be changed by this one utterance.

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For all the charities, child saving is undoubtedly the greatest. It alleviates the most pathetic of all suffering and yields the most magnificent results.

There is no phase of dependence that appeals to the human heart like that of innocent, helpless childhood. Victor Hugo in his masterpiece says: "When we have seen the misery of man we have seen nothing until we have seen the misery of childhood." Abandoned childhood is subject to the worst calamities, while protected childhood, directed along proper lines, has such magnificent possibilities.

The defenceless child is surrounded by fragile walls which all open into vice or crime.

One of the world's greatest humanists tells us, "That of all the things that God has made, the human heart is that which sheds the most light, and, alas, the most night." The divine command is, "Let there be light" and as we live in an age when it is considered inhuman to repeat that ancient question, "Am I my brother's keeper?" how important it is that the greatest effort should be concentrated on the child.

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### WOMAN'S WORK

The regular review of Baxter Hive, Ladies of the Macabees will be held in Simple's Hall, today, February 18th, at 2:30 p.m. Deputy-commander Kemp will be present. All members are requested to attend.

### WEDDING PRESENTS

During these few last weeks before Lent, when the rush of weddings seems greater even than is the case during the month of June, says a London Standard writer, most people are faced with the difficult problem of selecting a small army of wedding presents. Never since the days when the first fish-slice, embedded in crimson velvet, and the first ormolu clock, ticked cheerfully under a glass case, were sent as votive offerings to the bride of an earlier generation—to whom wedding presents represented a delightful innovation—has the subject been so exhaustively discussed as it is this year. The later regime, in which the unfortunate "mariee" found herself possessed of a supply of carvers sufficient to keep every waiter employed during a Lord Mayor's banquet, or enough saltcellars to stock a college refectory, are long past, and gifts are chosen not only with care and consideration, but with a certain amount of originality as well.

Jewellery is more than popular just now, even those who cannot afford a munificent gift selecting some small trinket set with the birth stone of the wearer, or designed in plainer form, while the choice of silver is, besides, enormously varied. An important sign of the times is shown in the fact that a great specialty is made of this particular "branch" of present-giving by some of the leading jewellers, who have devoted exhaustive study to the matter of wedding presents, and in the beaten tracks are providing their clients, with far more extended means of making a distinctive and original selection.

### ART OF LISTENING

One of the busiest of the many busy women with whom I am acquainted is also a most charming woman with whom to converse. She is not a brilliant, perhaps hardly a clever talker, but one loves to talk with her. After mature and thoughtful consideration I have come to the conclusion that her charm lies in the fact that she is an admirable listener. By her evident interest in and sympathetic attention to the matter of the conversation, she brings out all that is best in the one with whom she talks. Diffident people forget their shyness in her presence, and leave her with the comfortable and novel conviction that they have, after all, acquitted themselves rather well. Few people cultivate the art of being good listeners, and to listen well is perhaps even more desirable than for one to talk well. The good talker is often over-eager to have his say, to utter his witicism, to tell his anecdote, and his conversation is often a monologue. The good listener inspires the talker by strict attention to all he says and, above all, by looking at him while he speaks.

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### TRIED RECIPES

#### Veal Rissoles

Mince and pound any cold veal you may have to spare in the larder; grate into it any cold ham or bacon that remains. Mix these all together with a little white sauce. Fry with onions, carrots, turnips, and season with pepper and salt. Form the mixture into balls, roll in beaten eggs, screen with fine breadcrumbs, fry in butter fat, and drain. Send to table hot. Garnish with parsley, and serve with half-boiled onions.

#### Roast Beef

The best part is the sirloin, next the ribs and wing ribs. The most profitable manner to dress the ribs is to have them carefully boned, rolled up, and tied into shape with string, so as to enable the server to properly carve and distribute fat. The boned rolls can be easily made for making the gravy or even devilled. To do this, pepper and salt it, dip into heated butter or baste with butter while grilling. Turn the bone often while cooking. Garnish the dish with little heaps of nicely scraped horse radish.

#### Broiled Potatoes

Boil in salted water some large potatoes; peel them, cut lengthwise in thick slices, and broil over a clear fire. Season while broiling with salt, pepper, and melted butter. Have ready some minced parsley, sprinkle the potatoes with it when they are brown and crisp and send to the table hot. Sweet potatoes are nice cooked in the same manner, and may be served with fried chicken.

#### KIPLING ON WEALTH

Rudyard Kipling, who has written twenty books, is on record for only one speech. It was a good speech, and it made a deep impression on the young men of McGill University, Montreal, who heard it.

Kipling, like other men of clear vision, is concerned about the undue place the pursuit of wealth has in modern life. Business to earn money is only the machinery of life, not life itself. He who lives solely to earn money is in the same class as the man who lives only that he may eat or the woman whose sole purpose in life is to wear fine clothes. We eat and we wear clothes that we may live for better things, and if we can earn money it should be with some nobler purpose in view.

Watch the people who are noted for their tact, their thoughtful sympathy for others, their understanding of human nature, and their love of their country. They are the ones that are most successful.

"Yes," answered the friend, "but hers is the knowledge of devotion. She loves intensely. No one else could understand so well, because no one else loves so much as she."

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# Costly Suits

The purchase of a Suit of Clothes represents an investment that demands the most careful consideration of money spent. We have justly earned a continental reputation for selling stylish and well fitting suits and overcoats of all kinds. Conditions have created the opportunity to obtain all our English and Scotch tweeds at reductions which means from 20 per cent. to 40 per cent. off regular price.

To all we extend the fullest invitation to come and inspect our suits and to make comparison. No obligations to buy.

## We Will Continue This Sale This Week

All \$30 Hand Tailored Suits.....\$20.00 All \$20 Hand Tailored Suits.....\$13.75

The Exclusive Style Store

# Finch & Finch

HATTERS  
1107  
Government  
Street

# The Sporting World

## VANCOUVER LOOKS LIKE BASKETBALL WINNERS

Terminal City Team Favorites in Race For International Y.M.C.A. Championship

Everything points to the championship of the Northwestern Y. M. C. A. basketball league going to the team representing the city of Vancouver, and unless the unforeseen occurs and the predictions of close observers are upset the team from that city should win out handily.

Vancouver has been winning the majority of games away from home, and on strange floors and have been showing the most consistent form of any of the teams throughout the season. The only big slump that the players from the Terminal city took was when they met the Tacoma quintette, who defeated them by the overwhelming score of 40 to 9.

During the trip last week the Vancouver team lost only two games the one to Tacoma and the other to Seattle, by the close score of 22 to 30. While they captured games from Everett, Hoquiam and Portland. All of the other teams that have taken trips away from home have lost more than this number of games.

Tacoma has lost three games away from home and Portland sallying forth to other floors lost four. The local team only succeeded in winning one of their games away from this city. The fact that Vancouver is the only winning team on strange floors and the line showing that it has made at home gives it the first call for the championship, and it is now a big favorite.

Seattle is now second in the race, but has a hard row against formidable opponents away from home, and it is not likely that they will head off the fast Vancouver bunch.

In order to capture the premier position the Tacoma team must win all of the games at home and the two games Friday and Saturday of this week against Hoquiam and Portland respectively. Both of these teams will be kept guessing to overtake the speedy Canucks.

The standing of the local team is mounting the ladder as the other teams go on their travels and it is likely that their standing at the finish of the season will be a very respectable one. They have defeated nearly all of the teams that they have played in this city and had a certain amount of hard luck when traveling. It is generally conceded that on the form they are at present displaying the locals are as fast a team as any in the league.

### Vancouver Won at Soccer

Seattle, Feb. 17.—In one of the fastest soccer football games that has been played in Seattle during the present season the picked team from British Columbia, Saturday defeated the all-star Northwestern League aggregation, three goals to one. The game was witnessed by about 3,400 spectators, who braved the threatening weather and journeyed to Woodland Park to see the international struggle.

### LONGBOAT IS DISBARRED

Recent Race Against Professional at Boston Places Ban Upon Indian

New York, Feb. 17.—Tom Longboat, the Canadian long distance runner, is now, according to the officers of the Amateur Athletic Union, an out-and-out professional.

Suspended some time ago by the union on charges of professionalism Longboat ran at Boston the other night against three men, one of whom is said to be an avowed professional. This, the union officers say, ends all question as to the possible reinstatement of the Indian.

It is said that Longboat claimed to have the permission of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union for the race, but local union officers point out that the Canadian Association has no authority over races in Boston. The officials believe that Longboat has given up all hope of reinstatement in the amateur ranks and took this means of showing the authorities that

## CAMBRIDGE-OXFORD TO MEET YALE-HARVARD

Postponement of All-American vs. All-Britain Games May Result in This

New York, Feb. 17.—Correspondence made public today by Gustavus T. Kirby, chairman of the advisory committee of the Intercollegiate Amateur Athletics of America, showed that a meeting of college athletes representing all of America against a similar representation of Great Britain during the Olympic games in London in July is impossible. It is intimated, however, that a meeting between the athletes of Yale and Harvard and those of Cambridge and Oxford is likely to occur this summer. The correspondence includes letters from C. N. Jackson, representing Oxford, and J. P. Gray, of Cambridge, and Mr. Kirby's reply.

Writing under date of February 7th, Messrs. Jackson and Gray say:

"After giving the matter in all its bearings their best considerations these committees have decided that such a competition, however desirable under any other circumstances, is under the present conditions quite impossible. Their decision was influenced by many reasons, among others being the insufficient time now remaining at the disposal of Oxford and Cambridge under whose direction in conjunction with Lord Disbrough the selection of British representatives was to be made. The impossibility of satisfactorily ascertaining within such limits what athletes might be best qualified in the different parts of the British empire to be selected as representatives for their special excellencies in special departments of track athletics, also by the danger of congestion of meetings and consequent failure of interests in some cases in July, 1908, a month which already has its special gathering at the Olympic games.

"We much appreciate the attractive object which you had in view and the sportsmanlike spirit of your proposal.

"At the same time we cannot see our way to give effect to such a proposal at the present."

Acknowledging the receipt of the letter of declination, Mr. Kirby replied:

"It is noted with pleasure that July, 1908, may witness the previously suggested recurrence of the old and established meeting of Oxford and Cambridge versus Harvard and Yale at Queen's Club. It is regretted that to the athletes from Yale and Harvard there could not be added others who, being selected by I. C. A. A. A., would necessarily conform to the same high standard of amateurism, scholastic attainment and athletic ability.

"The difficulties attending the selection of the teams and the arrangements of the meet would of course be great; it is regretted that to you they seem insurmountable. For the friendly spirit with which the proposition has been received and the attention you have given to it, permit me to tender to you and your association on behalf of the I. C. A. A. A. its appreciation and also express the sincere wish that with your support and co-operation an athletic meet such as has been suggested may be held within the near future, either in England or the United States."

The locals have been working hard and are in better condition than they have been before this season, and that is saying a lot. They will, however, be without Jim Petticrew, their hard-working little centre man, who is still suffering from a strained knee and will probably be out of the game for the rest of the season. The rest of the team, however, are not at all cast down over the absence of their comrade, and will only go the faster to overcome any loss that may be occasioned by his absence.

Reports from the Everett camp are to the effect that the boys were never in more excellent shape and will take a lot of beating.

Prof. A. G. Donthitt, physical instructor of the Seattle Y. M. C. A., will handle the whistle. Prof. Donthitt is well known on the coast as a capital referee. He has his eye on the men all the time and makes them play the game. Judging from the sale of the tickets, the crowd that will witness the game will be one of the largest that has yet turned out to any of the games in this city.

The lineup of the Everett team has not been received as yet, but the locals will lineup this way:

Centre, goalwards; White and Peden (captain); guards, McKittrick and Roskamp.

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# On the Waterfront

## LIFEBOAT FROM THE EMILY REED

Mate and Two Seamen With Cook's Body Reach Neah Bay on Sunday Night

## ROWE OVER 200 MILES

Shipwrecked Men Suffer Terribly Without Food or Water and Cook Succumbs

Port Crescent reports that a lifeboat from the wrecked ship Emily Reed, which drove ashore near the mouth of the Nehalem river, Oregon, last Friday, reached Neah bay Sunday night with first mate, M. Scube and two seamen, Arthur Januke and Ewald Abelstedt, with the body of the cook, who died Sunday morning from privation in the bottom of the boat. The three survivors are emaciated weak and suffering terribly from the privations they have endured. They had no water or provisions."

This message received by the Colonist yesterday morning told of the terrible experience of more survivors of the Emily Reed, which left Newcastle, N.W.S. November 3, with a cargo of coal for Portland and was wrecked when nearing the Columbia river last Friday. Six survivors, including Capt. Kersel and wife, Second Mate Thompson, and three seamen, Sullivan, Franchez and Bertell, reached the Oregon coast in one of the ship's boats soon after the disaster, and reported the remaining eleven of the crew had been lost. Four of these, however, had escaped in another boat, in which they made their way, with awful hardship, for nearly 200 miles and more, to Neah bay, having been unable to land previously owing to the heavy sea and high surf.

Since the Emily Reed struck and soon afterward broke up, spilling her cargo along the shores for two miles or more, on Friday last the four men had rowed until fatigued, with not a bite of food or any water to slake their thirst. For two days they starved, fighting their way with energy born of the desire for life, until Sunday night when they rounded Cape Flattery in a long-rolling swell, and reached Neah bay where sympathizing residents who gave them food and shelter.

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The cut glass lenses and all the machinery and requirements for the Pachena point and Estevan point lighthouses, which are to be of the first order, best of all the British Columbia lights, have arrived and the many cases in which they were packed for shipment from the makers, Chance Bros., of Birmingham whose lanterns are mounted on some of the most notable of the world's beacon points, are stored in the old Hudson's Bay ware house on the inner harbor wharf awaiting shipment to the coast when the Quadra resumes service in the spring.

## COLUMBINE IN PORT

United States Officials Seek to Have Buoys Used Here Adopted For Marine Aids

The United States lighthouse tender Columbine arrived in port on Sunday from Astoria and United States light stations en route and Capt. Worlock interviewed the local officials of the Canadian lighthouse service regarding the acetylene gas buoys used for lighting the British Columbia coast. The United States lighthouse officials, it seems, are advocating to the chiefs of the lighthouse service at Washington the use of acetylene gas buoys and buoys similar to those used in British Columbia waters for the United States waters of this coast. It is probable that arrangements will be made with the International Marine Signal company of Ottawa which controls the patents and manufactures these buoys to supply the American government with them. The Columbine proceeded to the sound yesterday afternoon.

## VADSO AND CAMOSUN COMPLETE REPAIRS

Ship Port Patrick Towed to Victoria Machinery Depot to be Hauled Out

The steamer Vadso of the Boscowitz Steamship company, which has been undergoing repairs at Esquimalt by the B.C. Marine Railway company to put her in seagoing condition again after her recent accident off Cape Lazo, was floated yesterday and will resume service next Wednesday, sailing for Prince Rupert, Nasas and way ports.

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## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

**Special to the Colonist**  
Tatoosh, 8 a.m.—Rain, wind east, 10 miles an hour.

Neah Bay, 8 a.m.—Life boat from Emily Reed arrived last night with first mate and two sailors and body of cook who died yesterday morning. Survivors sick. No one else saved.

Tatoosh, noon—Cloudy, wind east, 10 miles an hour. In, schooner Robert Searles, 13 days from San Francisco for Everett, at 11:30 a.m.

Tatoosh, 5 p.m.—Cloudy, wind east, 8 miles an hour.

Tatoosh, 7 p.m.—Raining, wind east, 6 miles an hour. Barometer 30.30; temperature 44. Passed out, three-masted barkentine.

**By Wireless**  
Tatoosh, 9 a.m.—Light wind, east, 5 miles an hour; thick in Straits; barometer 30.24; temperature 44; forecast, Straits and coast, westerly breeze, fair.

Pachena, 9 a.m.—Fine; clear; wind north.

Tatoosh, 2 p.m.—Cloudy; wind east, 10 miles an hour. Barometer 30.28; temperature 47. Passed in at 11:30 a.m. schooner Robert Searles; passed Port Crescent at 8:30 a.m., a two-masted steamer, red stack, black hull, bound in.

Pachena, 2 p.m.—Cloudy, wind southeast; no shipping.

**By Government Wire**  
Carmarhan, 9 a.m.—Calm, clear, sea smooth; barometer 30.

Cape Beale, 9 a.m.—Light northeast wind, clear, sea smooth.

Carmarhan, 1 p.m.—Fresh, east wind; clear; barometer 30.20.

Cape Beale, 1 p.m.—Fresh east wind; clear; sea smooth.

Carmarhan, 6 p.m.—Light east wind, cloudy; sea smooth; barometer 30.20.

Cape Beale, 6 p.m.—Light east wind, rain, sea smooth.

sail tomorrow night for northern British Columbia ports.

The British ship Port Patrick, to which a contract was given to the Victoria Machinery depot involving work worth about \$28,000, was taken from Turner Beeton's wharf in the inner harbor yesterday morning by two tugs and moored at the Victoria Machinery depot where she will be repaired on the ways this morning for repairs.

## WOES OF OBSERVER NEAR CAPE FLATTERY

Neglect of Shipmasters to Fly Signal Flags Makes Work More Difficult at Tatoosh

The reporting of shipping from Tatoosh is not as easy as some shipmasters seem to imagine as is indicated by the following complaint of Bernard B. Whittier, in charge of the weather bureau's station at Tatoosh. He says in a letter to a friend: "I wish you could come down to see what the shipping looks like from the standpoint of the vessel reporter. You could explain a few of the seemingly strange things to the fellows up-Sound then. For instance:

"The other day a big steamer was coming in. She got back of the light-house establishment and put up her signals and pulled them down before she got out in sight. Then she put up signals 'Going to Victoria.' How the deuce were we to make her out? She was too far away to read her name. We put up signals 'Repeat your distinguishing signal; it was not understood.' But she either couldn't or wouldn't see it. Probably she couldn't, as the glasses on ship-board are poor compared to ours.

"But the little steamer Eureka was coming up and was going around Duncan Rock. We can tell her when we see her without reading her name. But she saw our signals and turned square around and scouted in almost on top of the island and then whistled her signal that she uses at night. It was real good of her, and we appreciated his kindness, but it was not necessary for he was not the guy we were after. We finally decided after nearly tearing our eyes out for her, that the big fellow was the Den of Ruthven. According to the papers she was either not due or long overdue. But you see it was uphill work for us from start to finish.

"On the other hand some of the vessels are more than obliging. For instance: There was a steamer came up during very thick weather but a few days ago. She ran in close to the island and whistled. That placed her as Dollar line steamer. Then she whistled again to be sure we got it. Then, in addition to that, she put up her signals in hopes we might by some possibility of impossibilities get them. You bet we tried hard to get her, too, and placed her as the M. S. Dollar. We could treat a captain like that to a box of cigars if we had him ashore for awhile. Take it all in all, though, I think we are doing as good as can well be done."

## CASCADE'S NEW MASTER

Capt. Harry Brown Will Take Place of Capt. Kirkendale on Steam Freighter

The steamer Cascade, one of the vessels chartered by the marine department for lighthouse and buoy work, returned yesterday morning after installing gas beacons at White Rock and on Kelp bar off Comox, this latter to replace the one recently broken for the second time. Capt. Harry Brown, the well knowing master, until recently in command of the sealing schooner Jessie, will take command of the Cascade vice Capt. Kirkendale, who has been appointed sealing master, vice W. E. Laird. The notification of his appointment has not been received by the new shipping master, who will not take up the work of his office until it arrives. The agent of marine has been notified of the appointment, but as far as the new shipping master is concerned he still waits.

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## TRIALS OF SATSUMA MARU'S SURVIVORS

Schooner Was Thrown Up On Glacier and Japanese Had Trying Experiences

Mate and Two Seamen With Cook's Body Reach Neah Bay on Sunday Night

## ROWE OVER 200 MILES

Shipwrecked Men Suffer Terribly Without Food or Water and Cook Succumbs

Port Crescent reports that a lifeboat from the wrecked ship Emily Reed, which drove ashore near the mouth of the Nehalem river, Oregon, last Friday, reached Neah bay Sunday night with first mate, M. Scube and two seamen, Arthur Januke and Ewald Abelstedt, with the body of the cook, who died Sunday morning from privation in the bottom of the boat. The three survivors are emaciated weak and suffering terribly from the privations they have endured. They had no water or provisions."

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## INSPECTS STEAMERS FOR TRANSPORT USE

President, Governor and Queen of P. C. S. Co. Examined by Naval Officers at San Francisco

The steamers President, Governor and Queen of the Pacific Coast Steamship company have been examined by orders of the United States war department with a view of their availability as transports and colliers. Rear Admiral Henry Glass is engaged in the work, and it is stated the United States officials have compiled a complete list of all United States vessels on the Pacific Coast which might be utilized as colliers or transports by the navy department. The San Francisco Examiner says:

When asked whether the examination he was making had any special significance in view of recent rumors affecting the relations of this country and Japan, Rear Admiral Glass made the assertion that the work he was doing had no special significance of any sort, but was merely a part of the regular policy of the Navy Department to keep in touch with all vessels flying the American flag, both on the Atlantic and the Pacific, which might be used by the government at any time.

An official of the Pacific Coast Steamship company says: "Three of our vessels have been inspected, the purpose being to ascertain their fitness for naval service. No such inspection has been made of our vessels since the beginning of the war with Spain ten years ago.

"Arrangements have been made to inspect all our vessels as they come into port. Inspection means going over the ship when she is empty, taking her measurements, tonnage, etc., and placing each vessel in a class, as a transport, collier or provision ship according to fitness for such duty.

"In case of an emergency, the government will have a fleet of ships which it can charter at short notice. A list of our ships is now in the hands of the government and include the Alki, Bonita, City of Puebla, City of Seattle, City of Topeka, Coos Bay, Curacao, Cottage City, Governor, Montara, Pomona, President, Queen, Rama, Santa Cruz, Santa Rosa, Senator, Spokane, State of California, Umatilla, Metcalf, Eureka and Tamalpais.

As these vessels come into port they will be inspected and the same thing is being done with the vessels of other lines.

"At the breaking out of the war with Spain the government bought up a good many vessels, but I believe the present idea will be simply to charter these vessels, as buying vessels in the limited time had proved a great cost to the nation. The poorer ones were afterwards sold, while the government still retains the best of the collection for her transport service."

Rear Admiral Glass said the work was being done by the board of inspection under instructions of the United States navy department which for some time past has been making examinations of American merchant ships, as opportunity offers, with a view to ascertaining their availability as colliers, provision ships or for the transportation of men from port to port on the coast. He said: "There is no intention, so far as I know, to purchase any ships inspected by the boards, the sole idea being to have listed vessels under the American flag that might become available for use in case the ordinary transports now being long to the army and navy should not be sufficient for the purpose of the government.

Capt. Fuji, of the Satsuma maru, a 100-ton schooner built in 1906, reported having left Kellsao with six months' provisions, October 25, and engaged in fishing off the Alaskan coast until November 2, when a storm struck the vessel and the captain dropped his five anchors in Yukutat bay. The anchors held for three days and then all parted, the rudder broke and the boat was thrown ashore on the beach at the foot of Malapina glacier. One man was washed overboard just before the boat went ashore and every man of the crew was exhausted and worn out by the strain. For the three days during the storm every man was kept on the decks and was soaked with the icy water, which froze their clothes stiff to their bodies. One man died from the exposure.

The boat held together during the storm, and as the gale subsided and daylight came the men found their boat had been driven up nearly 100 feet from the water. Ladders were put over the side and provisions and a tent carried far up the beach. At high tide the water washes against the side of the boat, but at low tide it is more than thirty yards distant. Capt. Fuji immediately ordered all the provisions taken ashore, and put every man on half rations. After many weeks a big sampan was prepared, and February 2 Capt. Fuji and eight men left the wreck, and with difficulty reached Yakutat, where the Jeanie arrived three days later. The Jeanie was anchored a mile off shore, and the sampan and the lifeboat of the ship were launched. Capt. Fuji and one sailor remained on the Jeanie, but the second mate and six other men bravely started forth.

The sampan preceded the lifeboat, but could not live in the surf. Within a minute after getting into the surf the boat was turned over. The lifeboat went in as close as it was safe to do, and picked up four of the men. The clothes of these men froze about them as soon as they were taken out of the water, and by the time the desolate miles to the ship had been rowed, the sailors had given up all hope of ever bringing them ashore.

As soon as they were hauled aboard they were pounded and beaten. It was necessary to continue the rough treatment for an hour before the men recovered consciousness. Then they were taken into the fire room of the vessel and kept swathed in blankets for fifteen hours. To this day the men show the effects of their terrible two minutes in that icy northern water and one of the men has a hacking cough.

Every glass on the ship was leveled on the two boats as they approached the surf. The sampan and the lifeboat were guided by the men on shore to the best place, and when the sampan was swamped, the Satsuma's sailors on shore succeeded in getting the three other bodies out of the water. Whether they were alive or not known by the men on the Jeanie, when carried up the beach each body appeared still and lifeless.

In view of the efforts being made to induce the Ottawa government to have the new fishery protection cruiser to be built for patrol service on the British Columbia coast constructed by Canadian shipbuilders instead of the contract being awarded to a British shipyard, which action it is reported on good authority from Ottawa, is favored by the government officials, the following extract from the last issue of

## SIR EDGAR VINCENT TO CANADIAN CLUB

One of the Men Who Helped  
Lord Cromer in Egypt  
Speaks

Sir Edgar Vincent, K. C., M. G., was yesterday the guest of the Canadian club at luncheon at the Poodle Dog. The luncheon was largely attended and the remarks of the distinguished visitor were received with applause and appreciation. A vote of thanks, moved by Hon. Richard McBride, premier of the province, and seconded by J. A. Macdonald, leader of the Liberal opposition in the legislature, was tendered by the president of the club, A. W. McCurdy, who presided.

After lunch was concluded, Mr. McCurdy, in introducing the guest of the day, said:

"Today we have the pleasure of entertaining one of our imperial statesmen, one of that remarkable group of men who have so directed the development of the nation that Britain leads the world."

"I have the honor to introduce Sir Edgar Vincent."

Sir Edgar, upon rising, was received with long and continued applause. In commencing his remarks he stated that upon receiving the telegram inviting him to address the club he had divided between two feelings, one of gratitude for the honor done him and the other of embarrassment.

When he learned the nature of the organization which he was to address, his gratification increased and in the same proportion his embarrassment abated.

He understood that the club had as its object the education of its members. The club was better fitted in many respects than any other organization which he had ever met in any part of the world.

### England in Egypt.

In coming before them he came as a man who had spent a large portion of his life in lands of antique civilization. The past of Egypt was familiar to all, as was that of Turkey, the land which, in direct succession to the Roman Empire through Constantine, came at length into the hands of the Turks.

He knew how well his hearers were attached to the mother country, and it was because of its record of achievement that this attachment had been kept warm. In Egypt, England had performed one of her greatest achievements.

When the British took hold of the land of the Pharaohs the finances were in chaos. Since then its commerce had doubled and the country, which so long was misgoverned, possessed an administration which compared favorably with that of any other country in the world. Its judiciary, through the influence of England, was the best in the world. This was due to the influence of Lord Cromer, who had given twenty-five years of his life to the task. (Applause.)

Inspired by the example and advice of Lord Cromer, a little band of Englishmen had worked for the good and advancement of the country which they served. Neither party nor pull had been permitted to interfere with the right direction of affairs.

In Turkey, England latterly has obtained more ascendancy than in former days. Her influence has been for better methods, in the interests of justice, the punishment of offenders, and the protection of the weak. This had resulted in better rule by the Sultan.

### Victoria's Advantages.

In continuing, Sir Edgar Vincent said:

"But perhaps you will permit me to say a few words with respect to subjects nearer home. When in these far-off lands it occurred to me to ask whether in these countries bordering Puget sound, which, on looking upon the map, seemed to me to be the most favored in the world, to ask whether the beauties were so great as they had been represented or whether the natural and physical advantages had been utilized in the way they should."

"I was filled with astonishment and admiration when I visited them. You will ask why 'astonishment.' Well, it does not do to confess too much ignorance, but I could not suppose or form any conception that the advantages of the climate could be so beautiful. I believe that there are many of my countrymen in the same position. Seattle and Victoria have been so connected with the development of Alaska that they are almost thought to be in the same latitude."

Sir Edgar related the story of a Boston gentleman who was offered a lucrative position in Seattle. He had declined it and alleged as his reason that "he was afraid of wild animals and was unaccustomed to the use of firearms."

Continuing, he said:

"When one contemplates your agricultural resources, the resources of your mines, your forests and your fisheries, one cannot but come to the certain conviction that you are among the most fortunate and most favored of mankind."

"And you have another advantage less generally accepted as an advantage, perhaps, but which yet constitutes an advantage of enormous value. I refer to your climate."

"It has been said that it is like the climate of England. I would not insist too much upon the likeness, for it is like it only as a second edition of a book is like the original—largely revised and augmented. (Laughter and applause.) You have revised the fogs and augmented the sunshine."

### Empire's Future.

"We have heard a great deal in the magazines and papers of the natural decay of the empires. I am glad to see that some of my friends have taken the view that in so far as this applies to the British Empire there is nothing necessary or probable about it. I disbelieve entirely that the British empire has even reached its zenith (cheers and prolonged applause)."

"But, were it so, were there any signs of the diminution on the other side of the Atlantic, I ask myself. If it would not be possible to witness the rejuvenation of the empire in these countries on the side of this other ocean."

"I believe that you have here in your resources, your climate and spirit, which animates you, a country which is destined to be second to none, which might well become the head of another empire upon the Pacific similar to that which has arisen upon the shores of the Atlantic. In the words of the poet Shelley:

"A greater Athens may arise, etc."

The applause at the conclusion of Sir Edgar Vincent's remarks was loud and prolonged. Three cheers were given for the speaker, and all

joined in the singing of "For he's a jolly good fellow."

### Vote of Thanks

A vote of thanks was then proposed by Hon. Richard McBride. He stated that he was happy to be so honored, for he looked upon Sir Edgar as being a guest not only as the guest of the club but a guest in the provincial even federal sense. Very recently the province had been without visitors of the standing of Sir Edgar Vincent, but the tide seemed now turned. All that British Columbia required was capital and population. Its climate spoke for itself. The climate of Victoria, he could assure the visitor, was representative of that of the entire province except perhaps in the more extreme northerly portions. Should he come again he would be heartily welcomed.

J. A. Macdonald seconded the vote of thanks with a few appropriate remarks, and it was tendered the distinguished visitor by the president of the club. Sir Edgar in reply expressed his hope to again visit Victoria. Were he unable to do so, he would endeavor to prevail upon his friends to come.

### Those Present

At the head of the table in addition to the president, were seated the premier, J. A. Macdonald, and Hon. R. G. Tatlow. Other guests present were Mayor Lewis Hall, Henry Pulen, A. S. Barton, W. F. Robertson, J. A. Hinton, W. G. Flinday, Dr. T. J. Jones, Rev. Dr. Campbell, A. J. Erace, H. H. Worlock, Rev. Geo. Kinney, H. H. Jones, J. W. Church, Wm. E. Laird, Lindley Crease, W. K. Houston, G. L. Milne, J. H. Willoughby, A. J. Summer, W. A. Upton Rummells, E. S. Gunn, T. H. Slater, W. J. Dowler, H. G. Ross, A. B. Fraser, Jr., Geo. Glover, R. B. McKinnon, R. L. Drury, H. A. Munn, Col. E. G. Prior, Chas. H. Lurkin, Joseph Pearson, John A. Turner, T. M. Sturgess, James Forman, L. H. Hardie, Robert Erskine, W. E. Canan, Stuart Mannell, E. Jackson, C. Dubois, Mason, G. D. Christie, Herbert Cuthbert, J. A. Graham, M. D. C. W. Blackstock, T. A. Shotbolt, W. Blakemore, H. Dallas Helmcken, W. S. Etherburn, W. J. Sutton, Frank I. Clarke, C. F. Newcombe, J. K. Worford, R. McBride, R. G. Tatlow, J. S. Gibb, R. W. Perry, Arthur Davies, B. C. Mess, James Rebbeck, D. Macrae, H. A. Harvey, A. T. R. Blackwood, H. S. Crotty, Canon Beanlands, Dr. R. R. Ford Verinder, Alex. Peden, George McCandless, R. W. Ridsell, E. B. Jones, W. S. Terry, F. Napier Denison, J. B. McCullum, W. A. Gleason, W. Coleman, D. R. Ker, P. R. Brown, Judge Lampman, A. R. M. O'Reilly, P. R. Brown, Jr., Ernest A. Hall.

## REAL ESTATE AGENT DIED YESTERDAY

A. W. More, Well Known Former Banker Met Death in Hospital

A. W. More, the well known real estate agent and former banker of this city, died yesterday at St. Joseph's hospital of a complication of diseases.

The late Mr. More was well known in this city. Born in St. Andrews, Fifeshire, Scotland, 41 years ago he came to this country in 1882. Entering the employ of the Bank of British Columbia, which has since been absorbed by the Bank of Commerce, he ultimately became manager of the branch bank at Nanaimo. Later he entered business on his own account and for some time was very successful, though in later years he was overtaken by reverses. Some four years ago he left for Seattle where he remained for some little time, later returning to Vancouver. He entered the employ of the Northern Bank of this city a little over a year ago as assistant manager, but after six months' service he again branched out into the real estate business in which he has lately been very successful. Amongst other deals which he recently put through was that by which the old Albion iron works property passed into the hands of the C. P. R.

Mr. More is survived by a brother and sister in Scotland. He never married. He was at one time an elder of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church of this city.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon from the undertakers parlors of W. B. Smith, Yates street at 2:30 o'clock.

### More Than Value.

"Wonderful, isn't it," said the cheerful soul, "how much more value a woman can get out of money than a man?"

"You mean," growled the cynic, "isn't it wonderful how much more money a woman can get out of a man than he can afford to let her have?"

"No, I don't. Take my wife, for instance. Last week I gave her \$5 for herself, and it bewildered me to see what she did with it."

"I can't see how she could do anything with it besides spending it, unless she used it to establish her credit."

"Nonsense! To begin with, because she knew she had the money for her own sake, she spent a couple of hours pleasantly in reading all the theatrical advertisements to make up her mind which theater she would rather go to. Then she spent a day in going the rounds of the leading millinery establishments to see all the new winter styles and decide what kind of a bonnet she would like. She next spent two whole days going through the shops looking at the bargains, feeling happy because she knew that if she really wanted anything she saw she had the money in her purse to buy it. Next she spent a day in some book shops, pricing a lot of fine editions that she had always wanted for the library, and after that she called at several florists to have a look at the orchid and some new Japanese dwarf trees."

"But why don't you get to the point and tell me which of all these things she bought?"

"She didn't squander a penny on any of them, but had just as much fun as if she had; for in the end she spent her money on necessary things that she had intended to buy all along."

### Mr. Peters' New Office

Winnipeg, Feb. 17.—It is officially announced today that F. W. Peters, freight and traffic manager for western lines of the C. P. R., has been appointed assistant to Second Vice-President Whyte. W. B. Langlan, general freight agent at Winnipeg, replaces Mr. Peters. It is understood that Mr. Langlan's position was offered to B. W. Greer, Vancouver, but declined by him.

One of the men who helped Lord Cromer in Egypt Speaks

## LARGE AUDIENCE FOR AUSTRALIAN DIVINE

Rev. E. Tremayne Dunstan  
Gives Eloquent Sermon in  
Congregational Church

There was a large attendance at the Congregational church on Sunday evening to hear Rev. E. Tremayne Dunstan, the Australian divine, who is making a two weeks' visit in the city and during his stay here will assist Rev. H. A. Carson, pastor of that church, in a series of evangelical meetings. Rev. Mr. Dunstan, in an eloquent sermon, on the subject "The Angel and the Ass," demonstrated his powers of eloquence and fully realized the many flattering notices which preceded his arrival here.

The text on which Rev. Mr. Dunstan spoke was taken from the words "And the Lord opened the mouth of the ass; and she said unto Balaam: What have I done unto thee, that thou hast smitten me these three times?" And Balaam said unto the ass, "Because thou hast mocked me: I would there were a sword in my hand, for now would I kill thee. And the ass said unto Balaam, Am not I thine ass, upon which thou hast ridden ever since I was thine unto this day? Was I ever wont to do unto thee? And he said nay. Then the Lord opened the eyes of Balaam, and he saw the angel of the Lord standing in the way, and his sword drawn in his hand: And he bowed down his head, and fell flat on his face." Numbers XXII, 28-31.

This narrative of Balaam, and the ass that spoke, has been singled out more than any other, save perhaps that of Jesse for the shafts of contemptuous ridicule, and scoffers have always found it a field in which to exercise their shallow wit; while on the other hand, those who have undertaken the defence of a literal interpretation of this and similar narratives, have reared against this story their most ponderous buttresses of argument. I am inclined to think that the story of Balaam would never have been assailed as it has been, if it had not been defended with impossible exegesis.

Literalists have done a great deal to encourage scepticism by settling up a rigid standard of interpretation which the Bible itself never insists upon, and which Christ and His apostles distinctly disclaim by the free verbal use which they make of the Old Testament Scriptures. Christ never fails to give the inner meaning of a text. He quotes; but, when we have made every allowance for translation, we cannot fail to see that He shows an utter disregard of mere verbal accuracy. The wisest and deepest thinking in the Christian church have warned us against staking the credibility of religion on this or that text and against insisting that the whole structure of Christianity must stand or fall with the minute and literal exactness of this or that narrative. To do this is to hedge Scripture round with needless and insuperable difficulties, and to subject the sensitive believer to a severe strain upon his religious faith and feeling. We have to recognize the fact, if we would read the Scriptures intelligently, that these sacred books are a compilation, a growth of centuries, and that they take their literary coloring from the period to which they belonged. You have here poetry and history, allegory and legend, parable and prophecy, intermingled; and we have to exercise our natural intelligence and our spiritual faculties in determining these. The mechanical theory of inspiration is as dead as Julius Caesar, and yet our faith in the authority and power of Holy Scripture, in its ability to make men wise unto salvation is stronger today than ever it was. The greatest blow which infidelity has ever received has been given by some of the exponents of what has been called the higher criticism.

This story of Balaam is a case in point. There is no room for jest when we realize that these magnificent chapters form an allegory which is the vehicle of great moral truths. It is not a story told simply to excite astonishment; it is a parable which reveals to us the working of Providence and interprets for us some of the outstanding facts of life. Of course if any man prefers to read this as actual history, yet he does so by all means, only let him remember that his is not the only possible reading. There are clear indications that this is what publishers call an inset, and many scholars agree that this is a poetic version which has this in common with the original of a story. Now, accepted literally, that story means little, save that it is the record of an abnormal portent. No mention is made of the presence of the elders of Moab: no further allusion is made to the angel of the Lord, standing in the way, and the ass fell flat on her face. The ass still speaks, and he who is wise will hear and heed the voice. You must not rebel against your circumstance—you are the master of your circumstance, and the wiser course when we suffer on account of sin is to say, with Balaam, "I have sinned," and to seek the help which God never denies.

Only be not content with the mere confession of failure and with the new purpose. This Balaam was full of good intent. "Let me die the death."

Again the rider smote savagely, until, terror stricken, the ass fell beneath him; and as he smote her a third time, she spoke and said: "What have I done unto thee, that thou hast smitten me these three times?"

"Then the Lord opened the eyes of Balaam, and he saw the angel of the Lord standing in the way, and his sword drawn in his hand: and he bowed down his head, and fell flat on his face."

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# VICTORIA REAL ESTATE

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Victoria, B.C.

## FARMS AND ACREAGE

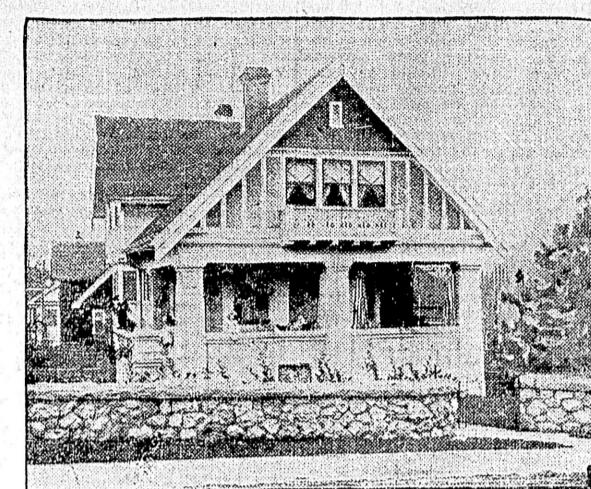
\$4,500—10 acres Gordon Head, A1 fruit land, 3 acres in strawberries and other small fruits, 4 roomed house, only 6 miles from Victoria.  
 \$1,000—Westholme, 38 acres on Chemainus river, 2 miles from station, large water frontage, good land, will grow anything, small house.  
 \$90 per acre—Elk Lake, 50 acres of rich fruit land, lightly timbered and easily cleared, running stream all the year round, 9 miles from Victoria.  
 \$20 per acre and upwards—Salt Spring Island, large acreage with improvements, on the water front of Vesuvius Bay, will subdivide to suit.  
 \$1,000—Matchosin, 100 acres of wild land, large portion good, with cedar swamp.  
 Fruit Farms—Rockside, the famous Palmer orchard, subdivided 3 to 6 acres. Full particulars at office.  
 \$6,500—120 acres, 1 mile from Westholme Station, portion cultivated, large modern house, with water laid on, good barn, etc., orchard, full bearing.  
 \$10,000—10 acres, Gordon Head, practically all under cultivation, new cottage and barns, land all laid out in orchard and strawberries, excellent situation.  
 30 acres, close to Duncan's, one-third slashed. A1 fruit lands close to Somenos Lake, \$1,500, easy terms.  
 800 acres of land at Maple Bay, large water frontage, good beach, plenty of timber, also suitable for sheep run. Only \$20 per acre.  
 \$2,000—100 acres near Prospect Lake, portion excellent for fruit, some alder bottom, plenty of good cordwood.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN—PHOENIX OF LONDON.

\$5.00 per acre—Texada Island, 2,200 acres of timber, mineral and agricultural lands, very large water frontage.  
 \$6,250—1½ acres of water frontage on Gorge, outside city limits, prettiest site on the Arm.

## HOUSES AND LOTS

\$7,350—Two dwellings, James Bay, with two full sized lots, very conveniently located. Cheap in order to close an estate. Terms. Will sell separately.  
 Three Lots and very large dwelling, centrally located, and only five minutes from post office. Will be sold at sacrifice price.  
 \$3,500—2-storey dwelling, nicely situated on car line, only \$500 cash required.  
 \$250 cash and monthly instalments of \$40 each, will purchase a two-storey dwelling well situated, less than 10 minutes from the P. O. Price only \$2,750.  
 6-roomed cottage and 3 lots, each good size, 3 frontages, good situation. Cheap at \$3,500.  
 BARGAIN—Two lots (corner) Work street, opposite machinery Depot. Only \$2,100.  
 \$800—Will purchase a water lot, in James Bay on car line. Terms.  
 \$1,100—Buys your choice of two small modern houses, in James Bay. Terms if desired.  
 WATERFRONT, JAMES BAY—Large Modern house, and full sized lot, splendid outlook on Victoria harbor. Only \$5,200, on terms.  
 \$4,000—New, modern 7 roomed house, large lot, front and back entrance, close in, best reasons for selling. Terms.  
 For Fruit and Farming Lands, Call for Printed List.



## For Sale

"PHAROS," one of the handsomest homes in the city, containing the following rooms: DRAWING ROOM, finished in Flemish oak, sand finished walls and cement beamed ceilings and cornices. DINING ROOM, finished in a dark golden oak, with panelled walls and heavy beam ceilings, wrought-iron electric fixtures suspended by iron chains. In the outside wall a handsome sideboard is built with art glass over the top, and clear lead work in the doors, and seal-skins in the panels. The book-cases are also built in the walls. BREAKFAST ROOM is done in the old Dutch design; the finish is in light weathered oak. The conservatory is off this room. The floors throughout on the lower floor are of weathered oak.

DEN is finished in Mission style, and walls done in green burlap. It is heated by a gas grate. NURSERY. The lower part of the walls are painted from "Mother Goose" pictures. Another feature is that the floors are "deadened" to confine the noise to the nursery. Chests of drawers and cupboards are built for toys to be put in. BATHROOM appears in ivory white, the walls being tiled five feet above the floor, and the ceiling is painted a baby blue. All the fittings are of nickel.

P. R. Brown & Co. Sole Agents 30 Broad Street

## Get Ready For Summer

## Shawnigan Lake

25 Waterfront Lots at Shawnigan Lake averaging 50x125 each. Nicely treed and on one of the best parts of the lake

From \$100 to \$150 Each

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95 Acres of the Choicest Land, all Under Drained, With Handsome Residence and Splendid Barns, Good Orchard, Water. Immediately Adjoining City Limits.

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To Desirable Tenants

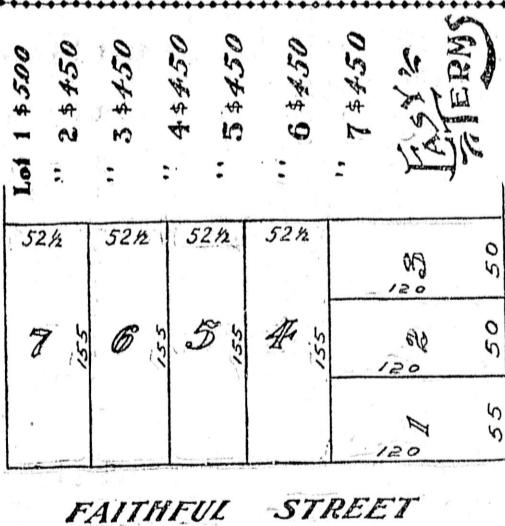
Further Particulars on Application to—

GRANT &amp; LINEHAM

Telephone 664

2, VIEW STREET

P.O. Box 307



Phone 1092

BOND &amp; CLARK

614 Trounce Avenue, Victoria, B.C.

P.O. Box 336

## Rockland Park

Rockland Park is selling fast, and already arrangements have been made for several new houses. We want to talk with any man in Victoria who is today paying rent. Call on us and your time will not be wasted in learning particulars about home buying.

## Rockland Park

GRAY, HAMILTON, DONALD & JOHNSTON, LIMITED, 63 YATES ST.

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BELVEDERE

### Rockland Park

Joins Belvedere

This Property is certainly becoming a choice

Residential Section

Belvedere is one mile from City Hall, convenient to Electric Tram, has City Water, Electric Light and such conveniences as are available in any other part of Victoria.

Lots adjoining are selling at \$500.00 and \$550.00.

We Will Sell at \$250; \$300; and \$400  
and Terms Easy as you may require

Take a look at the improvements already under way in Rockland Park, and convince yourself of what a change will be made in a few months.

(BELVEDERE)

Improvements will be started and continued on Local Improvement Plan.

A guarantee of streets and general improvements is included in your contract.

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ESTABLISHED 1890

### Farm to Rent

On Sooke Harbor, at the mouth of Sooke River. About 250 acres, part clear, fine run for stock. Large house and barns. Nominal rent to suitable person.

The largest list of farms and fruit lands on Vancouver Island for sale. Call and inspect list at our office.

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Victoria, B.C.

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Two acres water frontage on Portage Inlet, three miles from the city, charming location, for suburban home, splendid boating and bathing, beautiful oak trees, magnificent view. Inquire price and terms.

Two cottages undergoing construction, six rooms, a complete home in a first class neighborhood, modern in every respect, water, sewer, granolithic sidewalks, boulevard, cement curbs and macadamized roads. Price \$2,300.00. Terms

Two and half acres one block from the Oak Bay car line, and about four hundred yards from the sea. Fronts on three streets, graded and water laid, beautiful site, high and dry, magnificent oak trees, extensive poultry houses and yards, land all cleared, good soil and no rock, 150 fruit trees, laurel hedge. Owner leaving for East, and must sell. Inquire particulars and price.

New 6-roomed house, also bathroom, pantry and sewing room, modern, good neighborhood, cement sidewalk, etc., beautifully situated, and only one block from the car. Owner must sell. Price \$3,500.00.

### McPherson & Fullerton Brothers

Phone 764.

1224 Government Street.

Phone 764.

|  |        |
|--|--------|
| DOUGLAS STREET—Near Burnside, 200 x 200 lot.....         | \$1700 |
| STANLEY AVENUE—Corner lot.....                           | \$900  |
| KINGSTON STREET—60 x 120, near Government Buildings..... | \$1200 |
| SUPERIOR STREET—50 x 131, near Park.....                 | \$2100 |
| LANSDOWN ROAD—20 lots, per lot.....                      | \$175  |
| THIRD STREET—6-Room Cottage and lot.....                 | \$1900 |
| BANK STREET—Lots 60 x 120 each. Terms.....               | \$650  |
| DALLAS ROAD—Near Menzies, 74 x 160.....                  | \$3000 |
| FIRST STREET—5-Room Cottage, half lot.....               | \$1600 |
| ESQUIMALT—5-Room Cottage and half lot.....               | \$1725 |

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All modern conveniences. Close to tram car and sea. Property cost in the neighborhood of \$12,500. Price for quick sale.

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ROBERTSON &amp; GRIFFITH 106 Government St.

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YOU should secure one or more of these, as this is the only block of lots left, close in, suitable for a good home. SIZE 60X120 FT. each; close to new city park, with building restrictions, and other improvements contemplated, will make it ideal. AN INVESTMENT HERE WILL PAY YOU GOOD RETURNS. CALL at once and get your choice.

Terms one-third cash, balance one and two years.



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# Mainland News

## ENGINE PILLED UP IN KANAKA TUNNEL

Startling Accident to C. P. R.  
Passenger Train Eastbound  
On Saturday

North Bend, Feb. 17.—When Lou Walker, locomotive driver, piled his engine up in the centre of Kanaka tunnel, twenty miles east of North Bend, on the C. P. R., on Saturday night, he mentally bade goodbye to all the world outside the hole in the rock that imprisoned him. The place was black as ink. All around steam was sizzling in smothering jets. In their cab the engineer and fireman, Lylo Beddes, tested by touch every possible exit, and found themselves hemmed in. Walker says now that a man may do a great deal of thinking in a very short time when he stares death in the face.

The fireman, with his face and hands burning with the scalding steam they could not escape, turned his deliberations to the delicate subject of how they would look when their burned bodies were dug out.

All this happened just before Walker saw a light. No. 944 hauled train No. 96 out of North Bend, eastbound, Saturday. This train had left Vancouver at 3:15 o'clock on Saturday afternoon. It was in the wildest part of the Fraser canyon that the express bumped the rockslide which tied up the main line.

The train was heavy with mail, baggage, express, two colonists, first-class, tourist, diner, and two sleeping cars, the latter crowded with going home tourists from Australia.

The accident occurred at 9 o'clock. The way it happened shows how safe the passenger of a modern train must always be.

With a train going at the rate of twenty miles an hour, as this was, the shock of the collision with the rocks was merely a severe jar to the passengers of the rear cars. In the mail and baggage cars, of course, men and moveable articles sailed through the air to the farthest corner, but in the passenger compartments the shock was beautifully distributed. The crash of the glassware of the diner jarred the nerves of the ladies in adjoining coaches, but only one passenger was thrown out of his seat.

When the crash came Conductor George Ristein and Road Inspector W. H. Evans were talking together in the baggage car, and it took them but the fraction of a second to jump out on the side nearest the Fraser river and run forward to see what had happened. They found the mail car and engine entirely within the tunnel. A section of rock had fallen in the centre of the track. When she struck, the locomotive left the rails and proceeded to tear out the wooden filling of the tunnel.

The beams were but matches for the big locomotive. They splintered and smashed with a roar that made the engineer and fireman think that the mountain was falling about their ears. The engine turned toward the left side as she rolled forward. The forward trucks of the small car were jammed back against the rear wheels, while the mail car gracefully lifted her bows over the tender and clamed a few more loose staves from the roof. Pressed by the weight of tons of rock from above, the three feet of slabs came down with a clatter, and closed the forward end of the car and the engine like a blanket. Then the train stopped, but the rocks and the planks and slabs continued to fall. Any hole that the first smash graciously allowed were sealed. This was the wall of horror that Ristein and Evans and Jimmy Physick met when they picked their way forward through the snow.

At the mail car they found Jack McRae and Alexander Allan, who had in great luck escaped, but who knew nothing of the engine crew. Ristein and Evans climbed into the edge of the tunnel, but were met with a perfect shower of ice and timber and staves. Through the jam came a cloud of steam, hot and stifling.

"My God, we have got to get them," cried Ristein, as he thought of the engineer and fireman. But the three knew that they might work all night and not reach the engine, when ten minutes probably meant life or death to the engineer and his mate. Loudly Ristein called Walker's name, but no answer came through the clouds of steam. Then the three men tried to enter on the side nearest the mountain. Same result; same seething steam. They crawled along the undulating top of the half-wrecked car until the inevitable slab pile was reached, but the game was impossible. They might be within twenty feet of two nervy, dying men, but they could as easily walk across the icy Fraser at the foot of the precipice as save them.

Every possible resource seemed exhausted, when away at the top of the cliff, as far above as the river ran below, came a shout. Walker and Beddes had gone through to the farther end of the tunnel and climbed back over its roof to their train. Evans and Ristein calmly set their lanterns in the snow and shook hands. Then all the men and some of the young women heard Mr. Walker ask in a sweet, cheerful voice how he was going to get down, anyway, and finally saw him slide on his haunches into the arms of Jimmy Physick. The grade they descended had all the sloping gentleness of the western face of Prospect Point, and everybody knows that is straight up and down.

While a doctor rubbed sweet oil into the abraded sections of the engineer and fireman's countenances, and pulled into their natural position the few pieces of skin that the steam jet had not snipped off, Mr. Beddes told his story.

"There was no chance to do anything after we saw the slide, the steam was flying on my side anyway, and when we swung around the curve we were right on the rocks. There was a smash around our ears. Timbers and machinery seemed to double up together. The lights went out, and I sprawled to the floor of the cab just

as the roof was smashed in. Next thing I knew my face was right up against the end of the steam glass, which had broken. Lord, how hot that stuff was. I pulled myself out and caught hold of Walker's leg, and he was trying to find a hole to leave the cab from. I hid my eyes from the steam and groped around. We climbed up and to right and left, everything burning hot. The gangways were closed. Then Walker got out of the cab window, I think, and I hung on to his boot. I wondered if we would drown from the water from the tank. We were wading in it by that time. Down we crawled and over to the right Walker found a hole, but he was too stout to get through. I crawled between the timbers and found the air better. Walker squeezed his breath out in following. It seemed like a week, but we must have been groping around twenty minutes. We passed between the side beams and the wall of the tunnel, and you know the rest."

Superintendent Arundel of Vancouver took charge of clearing the wreck at noon on Sunday.

The line was cleared of wreckage at Kanaka tunnel at 5:30 o'clock this morning, and trains held on either side resumed their interrupted progress.

Westminster Lady's Death.

New Westminster, Feb. 17.—The death occurred in the city yesterday of Mrs. Carnichael of McInnes street.

Pay Roll at Fernie.

Fernie, Feb. 17.—This district cannot be said to be suffering from any great industrial depression, judging from the January payroll of the C. N. P. Coal Co., which amounts to the sum of \$185,236.25. This sum was distributed at the collieries on Saturday the 15th.

Simon Fraser's Grandniece.

New Westminster, Feb. 17.—A resident of this district who is taking considerable interest in the proposed Simon Fraser centennial anniversary celebration of the discovery of the Fraser river is Mrs. W. R. Hind of Langley, who is a grandniece of the great explorer.

## PROPOSING TO CUT HIGH GRADE VEINS

Big Tunnel Project Gets Approval of Greenwood People

Greenwood, Feb. 17.—At a special meeting of the board of trade Richard Armstrong, representing a number of Chicago capitalists, outlined a scheme for the building and maintaining of a permanent channel in the Fraser river from this port to sea on the main river, has also compiled a report on the navigation of the North Arm of the river for tug-boats and small craft.

The report states that for the navigation of that arm of the river at all stages of the tide long leetles at the mouth of the arm and several wing dams, as well as about \$400,000 worth of dredging, would be required, but that if the jetties were built and a small amount of dredging done near the mouth of the arm, boats could come in that far and then come up the river on the tide.

## TOWNSITE MIXED UP

Wrongly Made Survey Has Caused Bunch of Complications at Abbotsford

New Westminster, Feb. 17.—The town of Abbotsford, one of the best known farming and railway centres of the Fraser Valley, is wondering whether it is on the map or not, owing to a rude shock which residents received last week, and untold complications are sure to follow.

It all happened this way. Neville Smith, provincial land surveyor of this city, was engaged to make a survey of some property in the town, when his measurements failed to come out according to the registered plans, and he set about a thorough examination of the locality to see if a mistake existed, and discovered that almost the entire townsite was wrongfully surveyed and all sorts of complications are sure to follow.

The Maghaya is born in a hard field and schooled to theft from his infancy. He lives without shelter or food for the morrow, perpetually moving from encampment to encampment, chased by the police and excreted by the villagers. His greatest pride is a successful burglary, and a prolonged drinking bout his most coveted reward.

Jail offers no terrors to the Doms; it is merely the result of being a bungler at his trade. The first attempt to reclaim the Maghaya Doms in Champs-parun was made by Mr. (now Sir E.) Henry. He found the greater number of the adult members of the tribe were in jail. Every police officer was held responsible if any Doms were found in his jurisdiction, with the result that as soon as a Dom was released from jail he was usually returned thither under the bad livelihood sections.

Some of the stores, according to the correct survey are located in the middle of the street, while houses stand on the railway right-of-way, and the railways run rampant over private property, while in other places the railway would be in the bed of a large stream or on top of a hill if it were in its proper location.

The matter is now in abeyance till the return to this city of the railway company's engineer, who will report to Mr. Eddy, in charge of the local office, and if the error is corroborated as expected, work will be commenced at once to straighten out the great tangle which exists.

## SAFE BLOWN UP

Robbers Visit One of P. Burns & Co.'s Vancouver Shops—Small Booty Found

Vancouver, Feb. 17.—Safe-crackers blew up the safe of P. Burns & Co.'s butcher shop at the corner of Granville street and Seventh avenue early on Sunday morning, and got away with the cash contents. There was not over \$2,000 in the safe.

The safe-crackers knew their business thoroughly, as they got away with the money, and left no clue behind except a glimpse of their backs as they raced away in the direction of town.

The explosive used was evidently nitro-glycerine, and the report roused the whole neighborhood. Windows were thrown open and the thieves were seen running down an alley to the east of Granville street towards the bushes. Mrs. J. P. Smith saw them "make their get-away," and a telephone alarm was at once sent to the police station in the hope that

they could be intercepted before they reached Granville street bridge. The men were very fleet of foot, however, and before the police could get their dragnet out, they had disappeared. One excited resident took a shot at them with a revolver as they made down the alley, but as they did not stop, it is not known whether his bullet found a mark.

Children's Aid Success.

New Westminster, Feb. 17.—The children who have assumed the task of providing funds for the furnishing of a children's ward in the new Royal Columbian hospital are meeting with splendid success, and already \$251 has been raised.

Chinese Suspect Arrested.

Vancouver, Feb. 17.—Ting Wing, supposed to be the man who shot Policeman McLeod last Wednesday, was arrested at Ladner last night. The arrest was a direct result of the aid of the Chinese board of trade in Vancouver. The pursuit of this man started on Friday.

Shipmasters' Association.

Vancouver, Feb. 17.—At a meeting of the Shipmasters' Association, the secretary was instructed to write to the British Columbia Electric Railway Company, asking them to place two vertical red lights on the outside piers of Second Narrows. The auditing committee reported having examined the books for 1907 and finding them correct. Communications were received from Ottawa, one regarding the breakwater at Trail Island and another relating to Norwegian boats breaking into the Canadian coasting trade.

Those present were: Captain McKeen, in the chair; Capt. Kidd, secretary; Capt. Newcombe, treasurer; Capt. Roberts, Capt. Willoughby, Capt. Anderson, Capt. Dickson, Capt. Babington, Capt. Bissett, Capt. Howson, Capt. Standard and Capt. Gosse.

Church Enlargement Needed.

Vancouver, Feb. 17.—The nineteenth anniversary of Christchurch was marked at both services yesterday by an earnest appeal for the enlargement of the building. In the morning, Rev. C. C. Owen occupied the pulpit and spoke some plain, strong words as to the position Christchurch occupies, not in this diocese alone, but in Western Canada, and pointed out to the congregation the grave responsibility which rests with them in deciding whether or not the work of the church shall become limited. Rev. Mr. Owen took as his text the words, "Freely ye have received freely give." He reviewed the early days of the church, when the little band of worshippers met in the store on Granville street, and later in the basement of the present building, spoke of their early struggles, out of which at last rose the massive stone structure which now has become too small and referred to the rapid and steady growth of the congregation until it became known as the largest in the Anglican church west of Winnipeg, demonstrating to all that a church conducted upon evangelical lines has not lost its hold upon the people.

RED HAIR PEOPLE.

Found in Great Numbers in North-Eastern Part of Scotland.

Red hair is found in distinct excess north of the Grampians, and especially in the northeast of Scotland. Mr. Tocher, Peterhead, who has made the question of pigmentation a special study, and has just been helped to conclude a color survey of the school children—over 50,000—of Scotland, announced this as one of his results:

In most European countries, he said, it is a distinct predominance of one type over the others. In North Germany and Sweden it is the blonde type; in Italy the brunette. No such predominance is found in Scotland. Dark hair and fair are present in equal proportions. The dominant color among Scottish children is brown and it has to be shown how fair brown is really a blend of fair and dark.

The proportion of red hair throughout the country is a little over 5 per cent—high compared with the continent. One cannot overlook the reference of Tacitus to the red-haired Celadonians. Some curious facts brought to light suggest that red hair is not entirely or strictly a racial trait. It may have some peculiar physiological if not pathological connection.

It all happened this way. Neville Smith, provincial land surveyor of this city, was engaged to make a survey of some property in the town, when his measurements failed to come out according to the registered plans, and he set about a thorough examination of the locality to see if a mistake existed, and discovered that almost the entire townsite was wrongfully surveyed and all sorts of complications are sure to follow.

The Maghaya is born in a hard field and schooled to theft from his infancy. He lives without shelter or food for the morrow, perpetually moving from encampment to encampment, chased by the police and excreted by the villagers. His greatest pride is a successful burglary, and a prolonged drinking bout his most coveted reward.

Jail offers no terrors to the Doms; it is merely the result of being a bungler at his trade. The first attempt to reclaim the Maghaya Doms in Champs-parun was made by Mr. (now Sir E.) Henry. He found the greater number of the adult members of the tribe were in jail. Every police officer was held responsible if any Doms were found in his jurisdiction, with the result that as soon as a Dom was released from jail he was usually returned thither under the bad livelihood sections.

Some of the stores, according to the correct survey are located in the middle of the street, while houses stand on the railway right-of-way, and the railways run rampant over private property, while in other places the railway would be in the bed of a large stream or on top of a hill if it were in its proper location.

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# COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

## GLOOM OVERHANGS SECURITIES MARKET

Many Factors Combine to  
Keep Prices on Downward  
Track

New York, Feb. 17.—Dullness and de-  
pression over the stock market to-  
day. The active operation which  
prompted price declines were largely at  
the hands of room traders. The senti-  
ment which prompted their attitude was  
quite generally prevalent, and was a  
fair reflection of the unfavorable inter-  
pretation placed upon immediate events  
in the financial district.

Much has been said for from the  
successful sale of New York city bonds as  
a stimulating feature in the securities  
market, but today confirmed the im-  
pression of Saturday that the event has  
fallen flat. The impression was height-  
ened by the action of the bonds them-  
selves which are dealt in "when issued" at  
the securities exchanges. The prices  
reacted more than at any time since the  
first quotations in the new securities  
made on Saturday, and the older issues  
of city bonds fell back in company. The  
general bond market was also quiet, re-  
sponsive to the apparent demonstration  
of the city bond sale of an awakening  
investment demand for higher grade  
mortgages. This result, doubtless, was  
disappointing.

New force was given to the fear of  
the government's prosecution of the  
Harriman railroad group by the steps  
taken against the Southern Pacific for  
repeating offenses.

The copper securities, including Amer-  
ican Smelting, were under special pres-  
sure in connection with a sharp  
decline in the price of copper, but had  
and in London, and American Smelting  
touched a new low level for the year.

Gloomy reports were current of the  
copper trade outlook.

The report of net earnings of the Erie  
for the December quarter, showing the  
previous year's surplus converted into a  
heavy deficit, explained the past week's  
loss in the securities of that company.

Railroad traffic officials in their usual  
statements of views for publication were  
not reported in cheerful strain over the  
present state of traffic or the promise  
for the immediate future.

Some of the day's depression came  
from foreign influences. The Mac-  
donald question, an important failure  
of a Scottish engineering firm, and  
professed apprehension over the relations  
between the United States and Japan were amongst these.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales,  
par value, 3,352,000. United States  
bonds were unchanged on call.

### To Disfranchise Negroes.

Annapolis, Md., Feb. 17.—The consti-  
tutional amendment designed to  
disfranchise the colored voters of the  
state was passed by the senate today.  
The measure will be submitted to the  
people for ratification at the general  
election in November, 1909. The amend-  
ment passed both houses by a  
strict party vote, the Democrats num-  
bering more than the requisite three-  
fifths majority.

### NEW YORK STOCKS.

By F. W. Stevenson.  
New York, Feb. 17, 1908.

Open High Low Close.

Am. Copper . . . . . 45 1/2 47 1/2 45 1/2 46 3/4

Am. Car. Ry. . . . . 28 1/2 29 1/2 25 1/2 25 1/2

Am. Cot. Oil . . . . . 15 1/2 16 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2

Am. Loco . . . . . 34 1/2 34 1/2 33 1/2 33 1/2

Am. Smelters . . . . . 56 1/2 57 1/2 55 1/2 56 1/2

do pfd . . . . . 89 1/2 89 1/2 89 1/2 89 1/2

Am. Sugar . . . . . 109 1/2 110 1/2 109 1/2 109 1/2

Anacoda . . . . . 29 1/2 30 1/2 29 1/2 29 1/2

Atchison . . . . . 67 1/2 67 1/2 66 1/2 67 1/2

do pfd . . . . . 84 1/2 86 1/2 84 1/2 84 1/2

B. and O. . . . . 82 1/2 82 1/2 76 1/2 77 1/2

do pfd . . . . . 82 1/2 82 1/2 76 1/2 77 1/2

B. R. T. . . . . 33 1/2 39 1/2 38 1/2 39 1/2

C. P. R. . . . . 142 1/2 142 1/2 140 1/2 141 1/2

Cent. Leather . . . . . 17 1/2 17 1/2 16 1/2 16 1/2

C. F. and I. . . . . 16 1/2 17 1/2 16 1/2 17 1/2

C. and O. . . . . 26 1/2 27 1/2 26 1/2 27 1/2

C. and G. V. . . . . 3 1/2 3 1/2 3 1/2 3 1/2

C. and S. P. . . . . 10 1/2 106 1/2 105 1/2 106 1/2

C. and T. and T. . . . . 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2

do pfd . . . . . 10 1/2 10 1/2 10 1/2 10 1/2

D. and R. G. . . . . 18 1/2 18 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2

do pfd . . . . . 47 1/2 47 1/2 47 1/2 47 1/2

Ele. . . . . 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2

Gt. Nor. pfd . . . . . 116 1/2 116 1/2 115 1/2 116 1/2

Int. Paper . . . . . 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2

Ind. and C. . . . . 88 1/2 88 1/2 87 1/2 88 1/2

M. and S. M. . . . . 90 1/2 91 1/2 90 1/2 91 1/2

do pfd . . . . . 128 1/2 128 1/2 128 1/2 128 1/2

Mo. Pac. . . . . 35 1/2 36 1/2 35 1/2 36 1/2

Met. St. Ry. . . . . 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2

N. Y. Cent. . . . . 93 1/2 93 1/2 92 1/2 93 1/2

N. P. . . . . 119 1/2 120 1/2 118 1/2 119 1/2

N. and W. . . . . 61 1/2 61 1/2 61 1/2 61 1/2

N. Y. and W. . . . . 88 1/2 88 1/2 87 1/2 88 1/2

N. Y. and W. . . . . 7 1/2 7 1/2 7 1/2 7 1/2

Penna. . . . . 110 1/2 110 1/2 109 1/2 110 1/2

People's Gas . . . . . 84 1/2 84 1/2 84 1/2 84 1/2

Pr. Steel Car . . . . . 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2

Reading . . . . . 93 1/2 94 1/2 92 1/2 93 1/2

Rock Island . . . . . 12 1/2 12 1/2 12 1/2 12 1/2

do pfd . . . . . 23 1/2 24 1/2 23 1/2 24 1/2

S. P. . . . . 67 1/2 67 1/2 66 1/2 66 1/2

do pfd . . . . . 108 1/2 108 1/2 108 1/2 108 1/2

So. R. . . . . 31 1/2 31 1/2 30 1/2 30 1/2

Union Pac. . . . . 113 1/2 114 1/2 111 1/2 112 1/2

do ufd . . . . . 3 1/2 3 1/2 3 1/2 3 1/2

U. S. Steel . . . . . 27 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2

do pfd . . . . . 91 1/2 92 1/2 91 1/2 91 1/2

Wabash . . . . . 8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2

West. Union . . . . . 46 1/2 46 1/2 46 1/2 46 1/2

Total sales, 593,400 shares.  
Money on call 2 cent.

### CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

By F. W. Stevenson.  
Chicago, Feb. 17, 1908.

Open. High Low Close.

Wheat No. 2 . . . . . 93 1/2 94 1/2 92 1/2 93 1/2

May . . . . . 93 1/2 90 1/2 89 1/2 89 1/2

July . . . . . 91 1/2 90 1/2 89 1/2 89 1/2

Corn No. 2 . . . . . 59 1/2 59 1/2 58 1/2 58 1/2

May . . . . . 61 1/2 61 1/2 60 1/2 60 1/2

July . . . . . 59 1/2 59 1/2 58 1/2 58 1/2

Oats No. 2 . . . . . 51 1/2 51 1/2 50 1/2 50 1/2

July . . . . . 44 1/2 44 1/2 44 1/2 44 1/2

Pork . . . . . 11.30 11.42 11.20 11.25

July . . . . . 11.67 11.80 11.62 11.65

Liverpool Wheat . . . . . 7s. 5d. 7s. 5d.

Prices of Metals.

New York, Feb. 17.—Fig. iron quiet,  
northern 17.00 to 18.75; southern, 16.25  
to 18.25. Copper weak, lake 12.75 to  
13.00. Lead quiet, 3.65 to 3.75. Tin quiet,  
straits 29.45 to 30.00, plates quiet. Spelter  
quiet, domestic 4.80 to 4.85.

Dr. Parkin, who is in Montreal, re-  
ports that a number of United States  
universities have decided to adopt the  
Oxford system.

### THE LOCAL MARKETS

Retail Prices

#### Flour.

Royal Household, a bag.

Royal Standard, a bag.

Purity . . . . .

Wild Rose, per bag . . . . .

Calgary, a bag . . . . .

Hungarian, a bbl . . . . .

Snowflake, a bag . . . . .

Garlic, per lb . . . . .

Barley, per ton . . . . .

Hay, Fresh River, per ton . . . . .

Hay, Cornfield, per ton . . . . .

Chop Feed, best, per ton . . . . .

Whole Corn, best, per ton . . . . .

Middlings, per ton . . . . .

Cracked Corn, per ton . . . . .

Vegetables.

Bran, per ton . . . . .

Shorts, per ton . . . . .

Feed wheat, per ton . . . . .

\$32.00

\$34.00

\$40.00

\$37.00

\$34.00

\$30.00

\$34.00

\$38.00

\$34.00

\$38.00

\$33.00

\$38.00

\$33.00

\$38.00

Phone 11  
One Cent a Word Each Issue

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Phone 11  
One Cent a Word Each Issue

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ALE'S AND STOUT  
FAIRALL BROS.—Bottled Ale, "Stout" & "Bromo Hygeia," East Rd. Tel. 444.

## BAGGAGE DELIVERED

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., Ltd. Tel. 129.

## BAKERY

For CHOICE FAMILY BREAD, CAKES, Confectionery, etc., try D. W. Hanbury, 73 Fort St., or ring up Phone 361, and your order will receive prompt attention.

## BASREL MANUFACTURERS

SWEENEY'S COOPERAGE, 850 Johnson St., Phone B906.

## BOOKBINDING

THE COLONIST has the best equipped bookbindery in the province; the result is equal in proportion.

## BUILDER AND GEN'L CONTRACTOR

THOMAS CATERALL—16 Broad Street Building, in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 820.

## CHIMNEY SWEEPING

LLOYD &amp; CO., practical chimney sweepers and house cleaners. 716 Pandora St. Flues altered, grates fire-brick, hearths laid and repaired, roof work of any kind. Phone A176.

## COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS

PIONEER COFFEE &amp; SPICE MILLS, Ltd., Pembroke St., Victoria. Tel. 597.

## CLEANING AND TAILORING WORKS

LASUS, (Sanitary), 843 View St., Phone A-1207. Ladies', gents' and Children's garments cleaned, pressed, altered and repaired; good work; lowest prices. No injurious chemicals used.

COLLECTORS AND ESTATE MANAGERS

VICTORIA AGENCY—Estates managed and general collections, Mahon building, Government St. Phone 1399. d28

## CONTRACTORS

C. A. MCGREGOR—Carpenter and Joiner, 1422 Blanchard Street. Terms moderate. Phone B147.

ALTON &amp; BROWN, carpenters and joiners. Alterations and repairs. Estimates given. Furnishes a specialty workshop and office 2115 Government street. Phone B145.

## DRAYMEN

JOSEPH HEANEY—Office 52 Wharf St. Tel. 171.

VICTORIA TRUCK AND DRAY CO.—Telephone 13.

## DYE WORKS

VICTORIA STEAM DYE WORKS—116 Yates street. Tel. 717. All descriptions of ladies' and gentlemen's garments cleaned or dyed and pressed equal to new.

B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS—Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in the province. Country orders collected. Phone 200. Hearn &amp; Renfrew.

PAUL'S CLEANING &amp; DYE WORKS, 120 Fort street. Tel. 624.

## FURRIES

FRED FOSTER—12½ Johnson street. Telephone A1182, makes a specialty of seal garments.

## HARDWARE

E. G. PRIOR &amp; CO.—Hardware and agricultural implements. Corner of Robinson and Government streets.

THE HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., LTD.—Iron, Steel, Hardware, Cutlery, 32 and 34 Yates street, Victoria, B.C.

## JUNK

BRASS, Copper, Bottles, Sacks, and Junc wanted. Victoria Junk Agency, 30 and 32 Store street. Phone 1336.

## LANDSCAPE GARDENERS

Phone 997. Harry Atkinson &amp; Son, Landscape gardeners, tennis and croquet lawns, and pruning a specialty. Estimates given. All work guaranteed. Residence, 16 Stanley Ave. Established 1900.

## LANDSCAPE GARDENING

E. P. LAING, landscape gardener, etc. Lawns, etc., etc., attended to every day, week or month. Tree spraying and pruning a specialty. Phone M-1557. Oak Bay Grocery. f2

## LITHOGRAPHING

LITHOGRAPHING, ENGRAVING AND EMBOSSED—Nothing too large and nothing too small; your stationery is your best agent; or for an annual west of Toronto. The Colonist Printing &amp; Publishing Co., Ltd.

## LIVERY AND TRANSEEE

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., Ltd. Tel. 129.

## LOGES AND SOCIETIES

A. O. F., Court Northern Light, No. 5935, meets at K of P. Hall 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. F. Fullerton, Secretary.

K. of P. No. 1, Far West Lodge, Friday, K. of P. Hall, cor. Douglas and Pandora Sts. H. Weber, K. of P. and S. Box 544.

SONS OF ENGLAND B. S., Alexandra Lodge 116, meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday, K. of P. Hall. Geo. Jay, Pres. J. Critchley, Sec.

## NOVELTY WORKS

L. HAIFER—General Machinist, No. 150 Government street.

## OLD MATERIALS

HIGHEST PRICES paid by Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street. Copper, brass, bells, etc. Phone 1336.

## POTTERY WARE, ETC.

SEWER PIPE, Field Tile, Ground Fire Clay, Flue Pipe, etc. B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd., corner Broad and Pandora streets, Victoria, B.C.

## SCAVENGER

E. LINES—Yards, etc., cleaned. Residence 924 Collinson St. Phone B706.

## SEAL ENGRAVING

GENERAL Engraver and Stencil Cutter. Geo. Crowther, 12 Wharf street, opposite post office.

## TAXIDERMIST AND FURRING

FRED FOSTER, 42½ Johnson St., Tel. A1182. Furs bought.

## TEAS AND COFFEES

PIONEER COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS Ltd., Pembroke street, Victoria. Telephone 597.

## UNDERTAKERS

B. C. FUNERAL FURNISHING CO., 52 Government street. Tel. 48-305, 404, 594. Our experienced certified staff available day or night. Chas. Hayward, Pres. F. Casleton, Manager.

Subscribe for THE COLONIST

## WATCHMAKER

A. PETCH, 99 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing.

## WOOD.

WANTED—To sell 50 cords of slab wood cut to stove lengths at \$3.00 per cord, delivered. Telephone No. 864. B. F. Graham Lumber Co., Ltd. J19

## PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

## ACCOUNTANTS.

F. R. SARGISON, auditing bookkeeper by the day or month. Books balanced and annual statements made 1203 Langley. J18

## PATENTS AND LEGAL

REBECCK, JAMES K., Tel. 1668. Consulting metallurgist, Naval Architect. Plans, Specifications, Special designs. Reports, Surveys, and Supervision. Rooms 32-33 Board of Trade building, Victoria, B.C.

## DENTISTS

DR. LEWIS HALL, Dental Surgeon, Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Sts., Victoria, B.C. Telephone 667; Residence 122. au26

## LAND SURVEYORS.

ALEX GILLESPIE and J. E. Green, British Columbian land surveyors. 1160 1107 Langley St. J1

## MASSAGE.

MR. BERGSTROM BJORNFELT, Masseur, 1102, Vernon Block, Douglas Street, Victoria, B.C. Office hours, 1 to 6 p.m. J17

## PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS—Thorough training in all usual subjects. Well recommended. Mrs. Sutton, 1045 Yates Street. J1

## PSYCHIC MEDIUM.

MR. H. E. HOWES, psychic medium and healer; can be consulted daily. Room 7, Vernon Building. J26

## SHORT HAND

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad St. Bookkeeping thoroughly taught, also shorthand and typewriting. E. A. McMillan, Principal.

## HOTEL DIRECTORY

THE ABERDEEN—A high-class private hotel for tourists and residents in Victoria; all white labor employed; terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. J. Aberdeen Gordon, late of Gordon Hotel.

## HOTEL SIDNEY—Only seventeen miles from Victoria. One of the most attractive resorts on Vancouver Island; good roads; fine boating; two-mile beach; view unsurpassed. Hotel rates \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day. William Jensen, Proprietor.

## MIDWAY

CALIFORNIA HOTEL—19 Johnson St. Newly fitted up and renovated from top to bottom; good accommodation. Bar always supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Thos. L. McManus, Proprietor.

## NEW WESTMINSTER

HOTEL COLONIAL—Opposite Court house. Best hotel in town. Rates from \$1.50 up. John M. Innes, Proprietor.

## VANCOUVER

HOTEL METROPOLIS—The most convenient to business centre, theatres, wharves and depots. Recently renovated and reconstructed. American and European plan. The place to meet your up-country friends. Geo. L. Howes, proprietor.

## LANDSCAPE GARDENERS

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FRED FOSTER, 42½ Johnson St., Tel. A1182. Furs bought.

## TEAS AND COFFEES

PIONEER COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS Ltd., Pembroke street, Victoria. Telephone 597.

## UNDERTAKERS

B. C. FUNERAL FURNISHING CO., 52 Government street. Tel. 48-305, 404, 594. Our experienced certified staff available day or night. Chas. Hayward, Pres. F. Casleton, Manager.

## Subscribe for THE COLONIST

## EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

54 Fort Street.

## EMPLOYMENT OFFICE

54 Fort St. Good places; good wages to competent servants.

## JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE

All kinds of Japanese labor. 1601 Government St. Phone 1630. J30

## WING ON EMPLOYMENT OFFICE

All kinds of Chinese help furnished. 630 Cormorant St. Tel. B182. J15

## ALL KINDS OF CHINESE LABOR

Address Yin Thoms &amp; Co., Ltd. 1630 Government St. Phone A178. J16

## THE DEVEREUX EMPLOYMENT AND GENERAL AGENCY.

Rae St., Victoria, B.C.

## REQUERED

By experienced governess, afternoons, care of children or daily tuition.

## AN ENGLISH LADY

seeks daily duties; care of invalid or amanuensis.

## A GERMAN

age 35, seeks position as general maid; good plain cook; wages \$25

## WANTED

Daily house-cleaning by competent English woman.

## WANTED

Two girls, age 16, as mothers' help. City and Victoria West.

## TO LET—FOUR SUNNY BEDROOMS

for gentlemen, within five minutes of car and post office.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

LAUNCH ACCOMMODATION—Anyone desiring the above will please communicate with Box 333, Colonist. J18

## TO HOUSEHOLDERS AND OTHERS

Working builder will contract to build your house, barn or bungalow, and all other buildings. Good terms. \$500; comfortable shacks \$150; also estimate for drainage, concrete work, plumbing, gas and electric lighting, decoration, and all branches of building work; no job too small; low charges; satisfaction guaranteed; write me your requirements. Box 326, Victoria. J14

## WANTED—A farm hand. M. Flinnerty &amp; Sons, Cadboro Bay. J18

## MEN WANTED

Felliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, tack up showcards on trees, fences, bridges and all conspicuous places, also distribute small advertising matter. Commission on sale of men, no monthly expenses, \$4 per day. Steady employment to good reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars. Empire Medicine Co., London, Ont.

## WANTED—First-class

## MUNICIPAL PRIVILEGES WILL BE SAFEGUARDED

The Oak Bay Council Submits  
Terms for Drafting  
Bylaws

The terms upon which private parties may be permitted to erect buildings or acquire rights on municipal lands, and the particulars for the protection of the municipal beaches to advise the solicitor in the drafting of bylaws to be presented to the electorate was the principal business that occupied the attention of the Oak Bay council at its regular meeting last night in the Foul Bay schoolhouse. The paragraphs were read one by one, and adopted with by one or two changes from the original drafting.

The report of the reeve on the progress made yesterday afternoon with the municipality's case in asking that it be safeguarded in the amendment of the Victoria Waterworks Act before the private bills committee of the local house was received.

The objection of the municipality that the city has the right under the charter to appropriate all water within a radius of twenty miles of the city was replied to by the city stating that it was willing to insert a clause in the charter abandoning this right. The city was also willing to allow the municipality to be served with water in bulk at the boundary of the municipality, the latter to provide the distribution system.

The reciprocal powers asked by the municipality, that of the privilege of laying a pipe line through the city of Victoria for the purpose of connecting with waterworks of their own or other corporations were refused, nor would the city admit its obligation to supply all the water the municipality required. The report was adopted unanimously.

The following councillors were present: Reeve Oliver in the chair, Councillors Newton, Noble, Fernie, McGregor and Pemberton.

### Rights on Municipal Lands

The following are the terms upon which private parties may be permitted to build or acquire rights on municipal lands:

On lease or license only.

For proper consideration.

Lease or license only to be granted for such use and occupation as will be of public benefit and an addition to recreational enjoyment, etc.

To be subject to approval of all plans including charges, fees, boat hire, etc.

In case of club, approval of all regulations and bylaw of the club by council.

Term to be not more than five years unless in the event of permanent buildings.

With no option of renewal.

With no right to sub-let or assign without permission of council.

Option of council to cancel on any breach of covenant or for disorderly behavior.

On termination of lease tenant to be permitted to remove building if moveable wooden structure on leaving land or shore in conditions satisfactory to council.

Option to council to have permanent construction left or removed unless otherwise arranged at time of building, and always option to purchase and take over.

Access to grounds and buildings by the proper officer of the council at all reasonable times and control of signs, advertisements, etc.

In case of a boat club or boat hiring establishment, to covenant to keep and retain a specified number of boats in proper condition for public hire and under regulations as regards safety.

This does not interfere with the general right of the municipality to sell.

### To Protect Beaches

Particulars of proposed bylaw for the protection of municipal beaches.

No sand or gravel to be removed, except by permission of the council.

Any infringement, penalty, replace same.

No one to remove beach wood except by special order of council. In any case permits only to be given to ratepayers in the municipality and a license fee attached.

No advertisements, painting on rocks, placards, etc.

Penalties for infringements.

Licence fees for removal of beach wood.

Prohibition of tents and campers except under proper restrictions.

Provisions of Pound and Beach Fire Laws.

### Other Business

After the minutes of the last meeting had been read and adopted the report of the committee to meet a committee of the Saanich council was read regarding the water question and adopted.

The communications contained a letter from the post office department at Ottawa regarding the name of the Oak Bay post office. It was moved that the postmaster-general be requested to reconsider his decision not to have the post office under the name of "Oak Bay."

The B. C. Electric Railway Company asked permission for the placing of a pole line on Foul Bay road. This was granted, with the condition that the poles be placed seven feet from the boundary line on the road.

Mrs. Sprout replied to the council's request asking that she dedicate a portion of her property for the completion of the shore road to the effect that she saw no advantage to be gained by doing this, although the neighbors in the vicinity had done so.

A check for \$2,000 for the sale of debentures was received from Crease & Crease, and the clerk reported that he had deposited same.

A letter was received from Mrs. Sprout asking that the speed of automobiles be checked while running on the roads of the municipality. She had ruined a new \$25 dress lately through a machine running at a high rate of speed on a muddy road. Referred to the road committee.

Several petitions asking for local improvements were received, and either referred to the roads and bridges committee or improvements authorized.

A rather warm discussion took place over the request of a private boat club for a location of a new club house at Oak Bay, but the matter was referred to roads and bridges committee.

Accounts to the amount of about \$500 were referred to the finance committee. The council then adjourned.

The Dominion government steamer *Arbutus* from her moorings at Dartmouth, N. S., was high and dry on the shore, with funnel missing and badly damaged.

## RUSH CONSTRUCTION

Eastern British Columbia Railway Company Well Satisfied With Settlement Reached

The Eastern British Columbia Railway company, as soon as they secure their charter, will rush construction in giving the terms of the settlement made between the Eastern B. E. Railway company and the Southeast Kootenay Railway company, a mistake was made.

The Southeast Kootenay company which at first entirely opposed the granting of the Corbin charter over any part of the territory, subsequently made a proposition to withdraw their opposition to the granting of a charter over the first fourteen miles if the Corbin people dropped their application for the balance.

This proposition was accepted as that was the only part of the territory the Corbin people wished to build in at the present time.

## ANOTHER DIFFERENCE WITH E. & N. RAILWAY

Hitch in Arrangement for Laying Drain Under Roadbed in Victoria West

Once again the city and the E. & N. Railway company are experiencing difficulty in coming to an amicable agreement. This time the matter involved is that of the construction of a drain under the company's track in Victoria West. Incidentally the intention of the city to give speedy relief to the property owners in that section of the city lying west of the company's right-of-way will receive a check until the difficulty which has arisen is settled.

It is the intention of the city to give increased sewer service to that section and to do so it is necessary to run a sewer under the track. An agreement was drawn up between the city and the company and this came up for consideration at last night's meeting of the city council. One section of the agreement enables the company, under certain circumstances, to direct the removal of the drain.

These circumstances narrowed down appear to be that the company may find its works being injured by the drain being stopped up, or overcharged, or insufficient to carry off the necessary drainage so that the roadbed would be damaged.

**Point at Issue**  
In this connection the city solicitors wrote as follows:

Gentlemen: We have the honor to advise on the subject of the undertaking agreement demanded by the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway company as a condition precedent permitting the city to place a drain under their right-of-way in Victoria West, that the city engineer has seen the company's engineer with a view to eliminating the clause of the agreement which enables the company, under certain circumstances, to direct the removal of the drain. These circumstances, narrowed down, appear to be that the company may find their works being injured by the drain being stopped up or overcharged, or insufficient to carry off the necessary drainage, so that their works are endangered.

The company's engineer explains that his instructions are to persist in having the agreement signed in its present form, and that he has no authority, without referring to Montreal, to vary the same.

The city engineer informs us that the work must be commenced at once. He is personally of opinion that there is no reason to apprehend at any time hereafter the opening of anything to give the company cause to direct the removal of the drain. These circumstances, narrowed down, appear to be that the company may find their works being injured by the drain being stopped up or overcharged, or insufficient to carry off the necessary drainage, so that their works are endangered.

The company's engineer disagrees with the member for Delta. He has stated that these Chinese were unfitted to obtain certificates to work underground because they could not speak English. It was impossible to bring 300 or 400 Chinese down to Victoria to examine them before a select committee. He was prepared to guarantee that no Chinese received \$2 a day.

He challenged the premier to show where he had said anything derogatory to trades unions, and he compared his own with the stand of the premier upon various bills for the betterment of the unions.

**Resolution Defeated.**

Upon division the resolution was negatived upon the following division:

Years—Messrs. King, Naden, Hall, Eagleson, Jones, Yorston, Oliver, Macdonald, Henderson, Jardine, Williams, Hawthornthwaite, McInnis—13.

Nays—Messrs. Tatlow, McBride, Cotton, Ellison, Ross, Thomson, Hunter, Fulton, Taylor, Garden, Gifford, Grant, Behnson, Manson, McGuire, Mackay, Parson, Davy—18.

Pairs—Messrs. Shatford, Schofield, Munro, Kerlin.

The bill was read the third time and passed.

### Invitation to Luncheon

Hon. Mr. Eberts announced to the house that he was in receipt of an invitation from the officers and members of the Canadian Club, requesting the pleasure of their presence at the Empress hotel at luncheon on Thursday, February 27, at 1 p.m., in commemoration of the battle and victory of Paardeberg. (Applause.)

### G. T. P. Negotiations

Mr. Oliver: I would like to learn how the negotiations between the government and the G. T. P. are getting on.

Hon. Mr. McBride: I am very pleased to inform my hon. friend that these negotiations are progressing very favorably. (Laughter.)

### Present Petition

Mr. Hayward (Cowichan), presented a petition from Joseph Norman, opposing private bill to amend the Victoria City Waterworks Act amendment bill (No. 11c).

### Shops Regulation Act

Mr. McPhillips asked the attorney-general the following questions:

Are the provisions of the Shops Regulation Act, 1900, being enforced? Particularly in regard to the following matter?

Are young persons (any boy or girl under the age of sixteen years) employed in or about a shop, store or warehouse for a longer period than sixty-six and a half hours, including meal times, in any one week?

Are said persons employed during any Saturday for more than thirteen hours?

Are said persons employed during any other day for more than eleven hours, including meal times?

Are suitable seats provided for the use of every female employed, and are all female employees permitted to use the same?

Are notices of the hours of employment, as provided by the act, exhibited in conspicuous places in the shop, store or warehouse?

Are all bakeshops constructed and kept in a sanitary manner?

Are employees in bakeshops required to work on Sunday?

Are employees in bakeshops employed more than twelve hours on any one day, or more than sixty hours in any one week?

Are the provisions of section 8 of the Shops Regulation Act, 1900, and Amendment Act, 1901, providing against the sale of liquor to men already drunk, and also the imperative need of better regulation of the country "road houses" was highly commended by the city fathers at last night's council meeting. Just prior to the meeting Mayor Hall called the attention of the aldermen to an editorial appearing in Sunday morning's Colonist referring to the death of the man Turner who, while under the influence of liquor, met his death in a fool-hardy attempt to show his prowess as a climber. Mayor Hall stated that the Colonist has struck the right note and something should be done to better regulate the liquor traffic in the city and outside. He thought the Colonist was to be commended on this important matter.

Ald. Fullerton suggested that if the police did their duty there would not be so many infractions of the regulations.

Ald. Pauline pointed out that so far as the road houses are concerned they could not properly be dealt with by the city. But the manner in which such places are conducted materially affects the city and while the council might not have any jurisdiction it could certainly make every effort to bring the present bad conditions to the attention of the proper authorities.

Ald. Gleason stated that he was sorry to see that some of the saloon men in the city are not observing the regulations. On Sunday he had personally visited ten saloons and all were in some manner violating the liquor regulations. Ald. Norman was glad to see the Colonist had taken the matter up.

Another question which will go to the health and morals committee is the complaint of S. T. Hastings, who called the attention of the council to the house situated at the southwest corner of Douglas and Herald streets, which he declared to be an house of ill-repute. Mr. Hastings stated that ex-Mayor Morley, when in office, had stated that the woman running the house would not be allowed to open the premises, but apparently she had done so, and complaints seemed to have no effect. Mayor Hall stated that he and the chief of police had taken the matter up and the inmates of the house had been fined.

Ald. Fullerton took another sif at the police when he suggested that if the bluecoats could not do their duty the health and morals committee would soon show them how to deal with such cases.

Ald. Mable was of the opinion that Ald. Fullerton did not know what he was talking about. The police com-

missioners had been trying for two

years to close up some of these places, but had failed to do so. He had no objection, however, to the health and morals committee taking the matter up, but he was sure it would do no good.

### Mr. Oliver's Question

Mr. Oliver asked the chief commissioner of lands and works the following question:

Is it the intention of the government

to place a sum on the estimates for the erection of a new school building at Quesnel?

Hon. Mr. Fulton replied that no

requisition had as yet been received in this connection from the education department.

### School at Quesnel

Hon. Mr. Power replied that the school at Quesnel is not yet in existence.

Mr. Power asked the chief commis-

sioner of lands and works the following question:

Is it the intention of the government

to place a sum on the estimates for the erection of a new school building at Quesnel?

Hon. Mr. Power replied that no

requisition had as yet been received in this connection from the education department.

### Free Text Books

Mr. Oliver: I move, that in the

opinion of this house it is advisable to

provide text books for use in the

public schools of British Columbia at the

cost of the province.

Hon. Dr. Young:—The department

has been for some time past engaged in

the consideration of this subject, with

the view of utilizing for this purpose

the government's present printing

plant; with the result that in the pre-

sent condition of this plant, that plan

had proved to be impracticable.

We have also considered the plan of either

supplying the books free, or at a

moderate cost.

If the latter plan were adopted

in present conditions it must mean

working in conjunction with publish-

ing houses in the east, with a view to

# A Few Special Mid-Week Bargains

The offerings which we have selected are the kind that is needed daily and which touches your purses lightly, especially do we wish to emphasize the savings which can be made of Men's High Class Footwear. Then too is the Housewares Section, which offers splendid bargains on this page. Housewives will do well when in this section to look over the tables carefully as they will be surprised at the many savings in every-day needs to be found.

**Turkish Scroll Couches Greatly Reduced. Regular \$14.00 to \$17.50. Wednesday's Price \$9.75**



Tomorrow the furniture department comes forward with an extraordinary offering of Turkish Scroll Couches. They are well tufted and upholstered in cotton repp, also in armure and English and German Tapestries in assorted colors, in floral vendure and conventional designs. Regular values of these pieces of furniture was \$14.00, \$14.50, \$15.00, \$16.00, \$16.50 and \$17.50, but for clearance on Wednesday we have marked them at

**\$9.75**

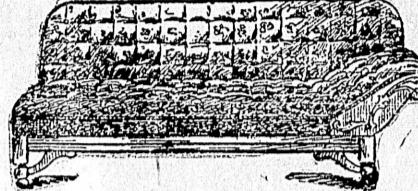
**Special Bargains in Men's Patent Leather Shoes, Reg. Values up to \$7.50. Tomorrow \$3.75**



On Wednesday we are placing on sale all Men's Patent Leather Boots which was part of a special purchase. These are all high grade and include the smartest styles of the season in lace and button shoes. At this price it would pay men to purchase a couple of pairs. They will never come amiss. Summer is coming on, which makes it imperative that you should purchase your needs now. Regular values \$6.00 to \$7.50. Special Wednesday ..

**\$3.75**

**Bed Lounges at Special Prices Regular Values \$16.50 to \$18.50. Wednesday at \$9.75**



These desirable pieces of furniture are of our own manufacture and are all well finished. The frames are very strongly put together, while the upholstering is of the best quality in their particular line. No person will regret the expenditure on one of these lounges. They are covered in English and German tapestry, also in armure. Regular values were \$16.50, \$17.50 and \$18.50. Special Wednesday ..

**\$9.75**

## Dainty and Charming Effects in New Muslins

The new muslins which we are showing are indeed beautiful, attractive, and surprisingly low priced. Any lady cannot fail but be attracted by their loveliness and refinement. Priced at per yard .....

**50c**

## House Furnishing Section a Place of Savings

The House Furnishing Department, 2nd. floor offers an unmerited opportunity to save of fine Carpets, Rugs and Curtains. Everybody contemplating brightening up the house for spring cannot go astray by coming here and inspecting the many excellent values contained therein.

## Brisbae Door Panels at Less Than Half

75 BRISBAE DOOR PANELS, in white and ecru net ground, applique design with 6-inch ruffle, size 24 in. x 36 in., with cord loops for rod. Regular price 75c. For Wednesday at .....

**35c**

## Our Mail Order Service Ensures Satisfaction and Promptitude

Our mail-order service meets with the requirements of all out-of-town residents. No worry or inconvenience when doing your shopping in this manner at this store. All orders are promptly looked after and shipped with the utmost care. An order from you will convince you of the fair and courteous treatment received at our hands. A trained staff of mail-order assistants does your shopping with the same precision and care as if you were attending personally.

## Our New Spring and Summer Catalogue is Free for the Asking

and will be mailed to you without delay upon receipt of your name and address. You will find it a most interesting book on the latest tendencies of the fashion world, showing the most up-to-date styles in Millinery, Costumes, Men's Ready-to-wear Apparel, besides containing a splendid list of daily needs in Staple Articles, Housewares, Stoves, etc. It is well worth the trouble of writing for, so do so today.

## Sterling Values in Fine Cutlery For Wednesday's Shoppers

Wednesday we are placing on special sale a very large assortment of fine cutlery. This includes various odd lines representing the best makers of GOOD cutlery. No housewife should let an opportunity like this pass by without taking advantage of these offerings.

**\$1.50 Knives and Forks \$1.00**  
TABLE KNIVES AND FORKS, with iron handles. Regular values, per dozen pairs, \$1.50. Special on Wednesday .....

**\$1.00**

**\$2.00 Knives and Forks \$1.50**  
TABLE KNIVES AND FORKS, with bone handles. Regular value per dozen pairs \$2.00. Special for Wednesday .....

**\$1.50**

**25c Bread Knives for 15c**  
BREAD KNIVES, with carved wood handles, good cutters. Regular value 25c. Special on Wednesday .....

**15c**

**50c Bread Knives for 25c**  
BREAD KNIVES, with carved wood handles, extra good quality. Regular values 50c. Special Wednesday .....

**25c**

**\$2.50 Dessert Knives for \$1.50**  
DESSERT KNIVES, celluloid handles. Regular values per dozen \$2.50. Special Wednesday .....

**\$1.50**

**\$5.00 Dessert Knives for \$3.00**  
DESSERT KNIVES, with celluloid handles. Regular value per dozen \$5.00. Special Wednesday .....

**\$3.00**

**\$6.00 Dessert Knives for \$3.90**  
DESSERT KNIVES, with celluloid handles. Regular values per dozen \$6.00. Special on Wednesday .....

**\$3.90**

**\$4.50 Table Knives for \$3.00**  
TABLE KNIVES, with celluloid handles. Regular price per dozen \$4.50. Special Wednesday .....

**\$3.00**

**\$2.75 Table Knives for \$1.50**  
TABLE KNIVES, with celluloid handles. Regular price \$2.75. Special Wednesday .....

**\$1.50**

**\$6.50 and \$7.50 Table Knives \$4.50**  
TABLE KNIVES, with celluloid handles. Extra good quality. Regular values \$6.50 and \$7.50. Special Wednesday .....

**\$4.50**

**\$2.50 Table Forks for \$1.50**  
NICKEL TABLE FORKS, very heavy. Regular price per dozen \$2.50. Special Wednesday .....

**\$1.50**

**\$4.00 Table Forks for \$2.50**  
NICKEL TABLE FORKS, English make. Extra good quality. Regular price per dozen \$4.00. Special Wednesday .....

**\$2.50**

**\$1.75 Dessert Forks for \$1.40**  
NICKEL DESSERT FORKS, very good quality. Regular price per dozen \$1.75. Special Wednesday .....

**\$1.40**

**\$2.00 Dessert Forks for \$1.60**  
NICKEL DESSERT FORKS, extra good quality. Regular price per dozen \$2.00. Special Wednesday .....

**\$1.60**

## A Special Sale of Hearth Rugs for Tomorrow

24 ENGLISH AXMINSTER HEARTH RUGS, size 36 in. x 72 in., floral and oriental designs. Figured ends. Regular price \$4.50. Wednesday at .....

**\$3.40**

## An Important Purchase of Fancy Blouse Silks on Sale Wednesday

Regular Values 75c. Special at 50c

We have just received and have on display in our Government Street windows a special purchase of Beautiful New Silks for summer use. Soft and radiant in all colors and will wash like muslin. They are in many charming designs and effects, such as stripe, dot, floral and brochas and just the kind for making up a beautiful blouse. The regular value was 75c. Special Wednesday at .....

**50c**

## Try the Vacuum House Cleaning System

It is the most satisfactory way of cleaning your carpets. No dust or dirt flying about the house when using this method. Every particle is drawn by suction through tubes from your carpets. No furniture moving, in fact all heavy, distasteful work accompanying spring housecleaning is done away with when using

### The Vacuum House Cleaner

When thinking of doing your house cleaning phone up carpet department 1685 for full particulars and rates, but we suggest you getting your order in as early as possible owing to the season advancing.

## Charming Modes in Ladies' Spring Costumes

The new Spring Costumes which we are showing are decidedly distinctive and surpasses all previous ones. They are indeed pleasing in the extreme to look upon. Below we are quoting three very attractive ones:

### Ladies' Costume at \$35.00

in French Panama and Venetian Cloths, hip length, double-breasted, with rolled collar and cuffs, semi-fitting back and loose front, jacket lined throughout with satin, full pleated skirt, in colors of black, navy, brown, green and tweed mixtures. Price .....

**\$35.00**

### Ladies' Costume at \$45.00

finished at waist with deep girdle, new butterfly sleeve, flat collars inlaid with silk braid, coat lined throughout with silk, skirt 15-gored with pleat at each seam, in colors of navy, black, brown and light tweed effects. Price .....

**\$45.00**

### Ladies' Costume at \$37.50

hip length coat, tight fitting back and front, three-quarter length butterfly sleeve, flat collar, sleeves and collars finished with silk braid; coat is silk lined; skirt is circular cut and finished with bias folds, in colors of navy, brown and tweed effects. Price .....

**\$37.50**

## Special Bargains in Wash-Day Needs Wednesday

**New Century Washing Machine Regular Value 9.50. Special at \$4.75**

Wednesday we are placing on sale the New Century Washing Machine. This machine is constructed with a base spring, producing the gravity motion, making it so easy in motion that a child could handle it, construction throughout is first-class in every way and is an indispensable article to the housewife. The regular value was \$9.50. Special Wednesday

**\$4.75**

**The Vollmar Washing Machine Regular Value \$8.75. Special at \$4.75**

THE VOLLMAR WASHING MACHINE is one of the best that is on the market. It has a large lever which produces an action, doing the washing and rinsing at the same time. Will do your wash day's work in half the time that you could do it otherwise. Reg. value was \$8.75. Special for Wednesday

**\$4.75**

## Brilliant Effects in Novelty Robes at Moderate Prices

The stock of beautiful novelty robes which we have on hand is simply dazzling in the extreme in unusual variety of fascinating styles, in fact they cannot be described in a word, each being different, distinctive, almost illusive, in their beauty, effects that the world's most renowned and cleverest designers have evolved out of their inner consciousness with moderately priced.

### Ladies' Charming Evening Coats

The showing of Evening Coats which are to be seen on the second floor is indeed charming. An evening coat is a necessary part of every lady's wardrobe, there are so many times when they can be worn going to the theatre or social affair. These are all correct new models suitable for all social functions of the year. Any lady with a leaning towards beauty cannot help but comment about the loveliness of these garments. The most elegant and refined of expressions of artistic designing are richly represented in this array. The materials they are made of are fine broadcloth, Venetians in creams, light greys, fawns, biscuit, mauve and light tan lined with fine quality silk and satin beautifully trimmed with silk braid and fancy gimp, new kimona sleeves, coats in 7-8 lengths, at prices ranging from \$90.00 to .....

**\$60**

Many Splendid Savings are to Be Had in the House Furnishing Department

**DAVID SPENCER, LTD**

Many Splendid Savings are to Be Had in the House Furnishing Department